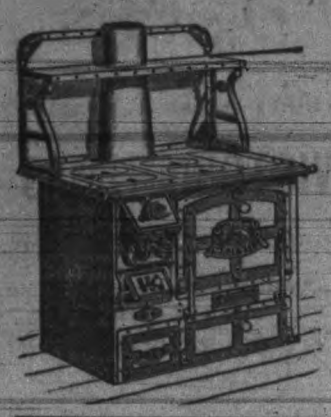
W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

# Victoria Daily Times.

P P
C. E. JONES,
Druggist,
Open Day and Night.
P P

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, JULY 5, 1893. No. 155



If your COOKING STOVE is used up or unsatisfactory we will allow you its value in exchange for a

Majestic Range

Made of Steel and Maleable Iron and guaranteed to give satisfaction

McLENNAN & McFEELY'S

Cor. Government and Johnson St.

LUKE PITHER. MAX LEISER.

PITHER & LEISER,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

BOUCHERAT & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors and Havana Cigars.

HIGH CLASS WINES A SPECIALTY.

Always in stock: The Leading Brands of Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors, Freller's Clarets and Sauternes, J. Josephin's Bourgogne, B. Bert & Co.'s Sauternes, G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry Champagne, and other Principal Brands of Champagne, also Jos. Schlitz' Celebrated Milwaukee Beer, and the Leading Brands of English Ales and Porter.

WHISKIES Gooderham & Worts' Rye, and the Best Brands of Scotch and Irish Whiskies, In bulk and case.

BRANDIES Hennessy, Martel, Jules Robin, Bisquet, Dubouche, in bulk and Case.

Positively no Wines or Liquors Sold in Quantities less than two gallons or one case.

PITHER & LEISER

Successors to Boucherat & Co.

50 PER CENT.

Dry Goods at Half Price

At

THE WESTSIDE

WE OFFER THIS WEEK:

200 yds. Check Tweed, 30c., reduced to 15c.
300 yds. Bedford Cord, 44 inches wide, 40c., at 15c.
250 yds. Double Width Checked Tweed, 35c., at 20c.
400 yds. Fancy English Tweed, 50c., at 25c.
600 yds. Double Width French Twills, 50c at 25c.
450 yds. Double Width Tweeds, 75c., at 40c.
Black French Cashmeres and Fancy Black Dress Goods, at about half price.
Jackets, Capes and Blouses at Clearance Prices.

A SPECIAL LINE OF
25 doz. Suede Musquetare GLOVES, in Black and Colored, 10 button lengths, worth $1 to $1.25. Sale price, 65c.

SEE WINDOWS.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£600,000 $2,920,000.
RESERVE FUND.....£260,000 $1,265,333.

HEAD OFFICE, - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.
IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

Agents and Correspondents in Canada and the United States:

Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Imperial Bank of Canada; Bank of Montreal New York and Chicago.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business

Victoria, B.C., April 1, 1893. ap1-1y W. C. WARD, MANAGER

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.

Great Variety of Goods Just Received per S. S. Tacoma.
Very Cheap—Good Value.
Few Nice Palms and Fern Plants.

EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

NOTICE.

As many people are under the impression that Munroe Miller's Job Printing and Bookbinding Establishment is closed, I beg to inform the public that every department is in full operation, under the management of Mr. Miller, who will be glad to welcome his old friends and make new ones.

THOS. T HULL,
Assignee.
ju21-1m

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILL THE PARTY who, (by mistake), took a parcel from the showroom counter of the Stanley House on Friday evening, kindly return same. j5-1t

A LADY with a comfortable home desires the entire charge of a child. References. L. L. Times office. j5-1m

LOST—4th inst., on David street, black horse, branded V on left hip. Finder please return the same to Wm. Martin, Bridge street, and be rewarded. j5-4d-1tw

FOR SALE—Several head of first class high grade short horn milch cows, with or without calves. J. W. Tolmie, P. O. box 226, telephone 417. j5-2w

CONTRIBUTION—The people of British Columbia are invited to contribute to a fund to help support the widows and orphans of the sailors who were drowned by their ship "Victoria" being struck and sunk by the "Camperdown," in the Mediterranean. Colonial Metropole Hotel, Victoria, B.C. Thos Tugwell j5-1t

## NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing between John T. Pierre and T. W. Pierre, doing business as merchant tailors at the Victoria Tailoring and Dying Establishment, at No. 100 Douglas street has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on by John T. Pierre, at the same place, who will collect all bills and assume all liabilities of the late firm.

(Signed) JOHN T. PIERRE,
THOS. W. PIERRE.

Victoria, B. C., July 1st, 1893. j5-6t

## Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received up to five o'clock of Wednesday, July 16th, 1893, for the erection and completion of a residence on Dallas Road, for Hedley Chapman, Esq. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Plans and specifications can be seen at my office.

THOMAS HOOPER,
Architect.
jy1-3t

## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a general and a special general meeting of the Shareholders of the Nakusp and Slocan Railway Company will be held at the offices of the Company, No. 28 Fort street, in the City of Victoria, on Wednesday, the 9th day of August, 1893, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon;

For the purpose of electing Directors of the Company;

And for the purpose of obtaining the approval of the Shareholders to an agreement for the leasing and bring of the Railway to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, the railway to be operated by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

By order of the Board.

A. J. WEAVER BRIDGMAN,
Secretary-Treas.
July 5-12,19,26

## AUCTION SALE

I am instructed by Mrs. R. P. Whittaker, to sell by Public Auction, at her residence, 63 Pandora St., city, on

FRIDAY, JULY 7th, 1893, AT 11 A. M.,

All her well kept Furniture and Household Effects, comprising: Carpets, linoleum, double and single bedsteads, curtains, poles and rings, window blinds, spring mattresses, bolsters and feather pillows, crockery, glassware, stove and kitchen utensils. Goods can be seen on day before sale.

Terms cash. Goods delivered same day.

W. R. CLARKE, Auctioneer, 40 Yates St., Victoria
j5-1d

## Cooling, Refreshing, Exhilarating.

In this warm weather, when the body is losing so much moisture in perspiration, the natural demand that this loss shall be made good creates what is known as an "exquisite thirst." Many are foolish enough to endeavor to quench it with drinks containing more or less alcohol, but the wiser ones use the juice of ripe fruit. The Island of Montserrat is noted for producing the finest quality of limes, and the juice of these is bottled and known as

## "Montserrat" Lime Fruit Juice

Taken with water it makes a most delightful drink it is cheaper than lemons and more conveniently prepared.

R. P. PO.'S
Screw Steamer

## Cariboo and Fly

(Classed A1½)
CAPT. WM. BEYNON,
Will leave Porter's Wharf on

Thursday Ev'g, 6th Inst,

At Six o'clock, for

CLAXTON & WAY PORTS

For Freight and Insurance apply to
DALBY & CLAXTON,
jy5-1t Agents.

K. OF P.

## Excursion TO Seattle

ON THE PALATIAL STR. ISLANDER,

ON

SATURDAY, JULY 15, '93

Under the auspices of the Knights of Pythias of Victoria.

ROUND TRIP, - $1.50.

C. Battery Band, R.C.A., will accompany the excursionists.

Only a limited number of Tickets will be sold and can be obtained at R. Jamieson's Bookstore, Office of Kurtz & Co., Watson & Hall, Grocers; Dean & Crydenman, Drug Store; H. Waller, Clothing Store; or from any of the following committee: H. Dubbs, A. Hall, J. L. Smith, E. B. Kerer, W. L. Bawlck, W. P. Smith and F. P. Gouge.

Steamer leaves C.P.N. wharf at 7 a.m., returning will leave Seattle at 8 p.m. sharp.

COL. BEHNSEN, Treas. J. C. BYRNE, Chairman.
ED. E. LEASON, Secretary.
jy-5-8-10-13-14

# INDEPENDENCE DAY

## Chicagoans Turn Out en Masse to Celebrate the Event.

## ARE CHARACTERISTICALLY AMERICANS

### Reading of a Poem Written By a California Lady.

### Lots of Noise, Gunpowder and Confusion—A Doxology Punctuated With Volleys of Cannon—The Omnipresent Military—Ringing of Liberty Bell—Hoisting of the Stars and Stripes.

Chicago, July 4.—Not since that memorable 4th of July of the centennial year when the streets of Philadelphia were filled at sunrise, and for hours a continuous procession of people of all races and all climes marched past Independence Hall and bared their heads in honor of that historic structure and the old liberty bell that rested under its dome, has there been in this country such a demonstration of patriotism and love of country as that witnessed here to-day.

Patriotism naturally demanded that Chicago should make such a record in this respect as was never made here or elsewhere, as a tribute to the country that in the form of the White City has brought into existence such a wonderful exposition of the progress of civilization during the nineteenth century.

For over two months committees representing the city council, the directorate of the Columbian Exposition, the various state and foreign commissioners, the citizens generally and the children of the public schools have been engaged in arranging the details so that Chicago's fourth of July might be celebrated with a mighty rush, vim, bang and hurrah that could be felt and heard from New York to San Francisco. Invitations had been sent broadcast to the executives of the various states and to civic, military, benevolent and other societies throughout the country, and that the patriotic impulse had been stirred has been evidenced in the immense crowds of strangers that have been pouring into the city for several days past for the purpose of taking part in the demonstration.

The stereotyped saying that "business was suspended" will hardly apply to Chicago to-day. It was more than a suspension. It was an absolute stoppage of the commercial life of the city. Stores, mills, manufactories, commercial institutions, industry and bread winning of every and all kinds was at a standstill. Only the street cars, the suburban railroad trains, the restaurants, saloons and the street fakirs were pursuing their regular callings.

Naturally Jackson Park was the great centre of the festivities of the day, and thither the crowds began to flock at an early hour. Steamboats, steam and cable cars, vehicles of all descriptions found themselves taxed beyond all their previous experiences. There were times when uptown streets in the neighborhood of the termini of the various routes leading to the fair were absolutely congested and when it seemed as though five times the facilities would be insufficient to meet the demands of the constantly increasing crowds. All the various lines, however, had anticipated the rush, and the sightseers were moved southward with a rapidity and dispatch that was something wonderful.

It was noticeable that two-thirds of the people out on the streets wore as a boutonniere a tiny American flag, and women and children were just as conspicuous for their patriotism as the men. The gates at Jackson Park were opened at 7 o'clock, an hour earlier than usual, but even thus early there were crowds in waiting, and an hour later they were pouring in like an avalanche at the score of more entrances around the enclosure. By 11 o'clock it was calculated that close in the neighborhood of 200,000 had already passed in through the gates, and at the bureau of admissions it was estimated that the total attendance of the day was likely to go away beyond half a million.

Under the influence of a clear sky, a bright sun and a cool breeze the White City looked fairer than ever. Flags floated from tens of thousands of poles, and pinnacles, and there were more star-spangled banners than any man ever saw flopping before within the same area. The stars and stripes floated side by side with the standards of foreign countries; over the buildings occupied by foreign commissioners, and even the Javanese and Algerians and Dahomeyans and Chinese, and Laplanders, and others of the cosmopolitan colony on the Midway Plaisance came out with stars and stripes and tricolored bunting galore.

A dozen or more of the great mass meetings were being held at noon in different parts of the grounds, but the crowning demonstration of all took place in the Court of Honor before the Administration Building. Here there was gathered a concourse that to an impartial observer seemed to exceed in numbers the throng within sight of the platform when President Cleveland pressed the electric button on May day and declared the exposition an accomplished fact. Here the ceremonies were preceded by a procession comprising civic societies, local military bodies, state militia and school children, which formed at Washington Park and marched over the Plaisance to the Court of Honor. It was a few minutes after 11 o'clock when a salute from the gunboat in the lake opposite the Manufactures Building gave the signal for the commencement of the exercises, and at the same moment Rev. Dr. John Henry Barrows, chairman of the World's Congress Auxiliary of the Columbian Exposition, stepped to the front of the platform and, raising his hand, delivered a fervent invocation, every line of which breathed patriotism and invoked the blessing of the Almighty on the nation.

As the last words of the prayer died away a chorus of two thousand trained voices broke forth with the doxology, a salute of cannon punctuating each sentence. As if by inspiration the great audience joined in the hymn, and a unique spectacle was afforded of a quarter of a million people singing in tune and in harmony. Brief addresses were then delivered by Governor Altgeld, Mayor Harrison and World's Fair President T. W. Palmer. In the meantime the audience on the platform had separated to the right and left, disclosing to view the new liberty bell, which was recently cast at Troy, N. Y. This was a signal for a cannonade of applause, repeated again and again until the spectators were forced to quit by sheer exhaustion. Then stepping before the bell, Miss Morris, of San Diego, California, commenced to recite "The Song of the Liberty Bell," composed by her mother. It read as follows:

When spurred by the lash of oppression,
The nation arose in its might,
To claim as its due and possession,
Its manhood, its freedom, its right;
Men's souls found the ordeal most trying,
The air with excitement was filled,
With great aspirations undying
The waking young nation was thrilled;
As stronger and stronger the feeling
Arose over mountain and dell,
The zenith was reached in the pealing
Aloft of the Liberty Bell.

It witnessed the rise of the nation,
Its tongue first did publish its birth;
It rang out the grand proclamation
Of liberty new to the earth;
Its peal to the battle went rolling;
It rang in the ears of the brave,
In glorious for victory tolling,
In requiems over each grave;
And though it be still and riven,
Its echoes shall swell on for aye,
Till the whole world has been given
The freedom it published that day.

Ye children, bring garlands to crown it;
Ye soldiers, with bare blades salute;
Ye citizens, come, proudly own it,
Most eloquent when 'tis most mute.
Ye visitors, see the affection
The emblem of liberty claims;
And carry away to each section
Its lesson of faith and high aims;
While we and our children forever,
Just like our forefathers shall stand,
And nothing our love can e'er sever
From liberty and our fair land.

—Chorus.

Then sing we a song of rejoicing,
That over the welkin shall swell;
The pæans of progress full voicing,
The song of the Liberty Bell.

The dedication of the new Liberty Bell was the next number on the programme, and the dedication was pronounced by W. B. McDowell of Newark, N. J., chairman of the Columbian Liberty Bell Committee. As the dedication words were pronounced a chorus of children burst forth with the "Star-Spangled Banner," in the singing of which the audience joined. The oration of the day was delivered by Gen. Stevenson. At precisely 12 o'clock the orator paused and gave a pre-arranged signal. At the same moment the banner of the republic was run up on the administration building and the new Liberty Bell was rung for the first time by Mrs. M. Morris Wagner, author of the poem quoted. The spectators cheered again and again and a salute was fired from the vessels in the harbor. Fully ten minutes elapsed before the wave of enthusiasm had spent itself, and then the orator closed his address. A solo, "The Song of Human Freedom," was sung by Harriet Hawthorne McGee of Tennessee, after which a poem, "The New Liberty Bell," was recited by Mrs. Frank Stewart Osborne of Chicago. The last event on the programme was the hoisting by Mrs. L. M. Gordon of Georgia of the flag of freedom, which bore inscriptions suggestive of the onward steps towards universal liberty and peace. In accordance with the programme, bells were supposed to be rung throughout the country precisely at noon.

This afternoon the old Liberty Bell was literally buried in flowers by the children of the public schools, while around it were placed a large number of exquisite floral designs contributed by the commissioners from foreign countries. Mass meetings to a total of ten were also held in different parts of the grounds, at which patriotic songs were sung and addresses delivered. To-night there will be a great display of fireworks.

### Too Many Hotels.

Chicago, July 5.—According to a special bulletin just issued by the postoffice authorities in this city there must be thousands of people scattered over the country waiting for letters and more in Chicago that are wondering what has become of their expected advices from home. No less than two tons of misdirected letters are now stacked up in the basement of the office, every effort to determine the exact destination of each one of the number having proved abortive. The failure to deliver so many letters directed to this city is attributed to the fact that every lodging house and flat that has anything over a single room to rent now dubs itself a hotel. There are two or three thousand of such alleged hotels in Chicago, and unless the street and number are given on the letter, the carrier's department is simply helpless in the matter.

### Royal Wedding To-Morrow.

London, July 5.—Everything is in readiness for the royal wedding to-morrow. This morning the tradesmen of the city are decorating the outsides of their establishments in honor of the event. Although Mr. Gladstone has refused to declare the day a general holiday business will be suspended, and the greater portion of London will find its way to the West End in the expectation of getting a glimpse of the prospective king and queen. The Prince and Princess Henry of Prussia, the Crown Prince and Princess of Denmark, Prince George of Greece, the Archduke Joseph of Austria and the Duke of Oporto of Portugal arrived to-day, and are the guests of Her Majesty at Buckingham Palace.

### Spanish Parliament Opened.

Madrid, July 5.—The new Spanish Cortes convened to-day. The Queen Regent in her address to the chamber referred in complimentary terms to the Columbian Exposition, and to the hearty reception that has been accorded by the government and the people to the Infanta Eulalia. An effort is being made to arrange a trip to Chicago for a number of prominent members of both chambers at the close of the session. Twenty or more have already given in their adhesion to the scheme.

# NIPPED IN THE BUD

## Hawaiian Conspirators Caught By the Government.

## DYNAMITE WAS THEIR INTENTION

### Leading Men are Implicated in the Fell Machinations.

### All Concerned, Though, Have Shady Reputations—No Pure Hawaiians Among Them—Their Plans Were Bold and Extensive—The Royalists Were Completely Demoralized.

San Francisco, July 5.—The United Press correspondent at Honolulu, writing on June 28th, says: The government has finally executed what it has had in view, the arrest of the ascertained agents in the dynamite conspiracy. On Friday afternoon, June 23rd, simultaneous arrests were made of James Walker, Archibald Sinclair and E. C. Crick, on the charge of conspiracy to seize the executive building and overturn the government. The offence is not bailable and the prisoners have been held in confinement pending examination.

The government has known something of this conspiracy for three months, and for several weeks has possessed exact information. A very conservative policy has been pursued and no arrests were made until the evidence was complete against the accused. This evidence was submitted to four legal advisers and pronounced sufficient. Meantime every precaution was taken against surprise, including the recent occupation of the palace.

Of the arrested persons, Walker is a son-in-law of the leading half white royalist, John Cummins, a mason by trade and a man of active nature. Sinclair is a highly skilled mason, but of irregular habits. Crick is a chemists out of work. About 20 prominent whites and half castes are more or less implicated by the evidence in possession of this government. Nine of those persons have been cabinet ministers.

The use of dynamite was the chief means of the scheme of the conspirators. Their plans seem to have been bold and extensive, but more on an anarchistic basis than one of regular warfare. Nearly all the persons implicated have more or less shady records. No pure Hawaiians appear to have been in the affair. No evidence implicates Paul Newman or Claus Spreckels, although the conspirators had sanguine hopes of aid from Spreckels. The houses of Walker and Cummins were searched, but no arms or dynamite were found. A general effect of demoralization has been produced among the royalists, whose chief plea for the restoration of the Queen has now collapsed.

At noon on June 28th, just before the sailing of the Belgic the evidence against the conspirators began to be presented.

## CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

### International Convention of the Young People's Society.

Montreal, July 5.—The 12th international convention of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor will open here to-night. Over 10,000 delegates have already arrived, and nearly as many more are reported by telegraph as being en route.

In the advance credentials already received by General Secretary J. W. Baer, of Boston, every state and territory of the United States, all the provinces of Canada, England, nearly every country in Europe, as well as India, China, Japan, and Africa and Australia are represented.

A society purely local to the place of its organization, Portland, Maine, until the fall of 1881, it now has 22,000 societies, and a membership closely approaching 1,500,000. It knows no denomination, for clergymen representing no less than 25 evangelical sects will speak from its platform during the coming week. Among these are the following:

Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler, Brooklyn; the evangelists Rev. B. Fay Mills and Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman; Rev. S. P. Rose, of Montreal; Hon. E. G. Foster, Ottawa, Canada, Minister of Finance; Rev. J. McGillivray, Montreal; Rev. P. S. Henson, Chicago; President Francis E. Clark, of the Christian Endeavor; Mrs. Francis E. Clark; Rev. J. W. Cowan, Tabor, Iowa, the pastor who first organized a junior Christian Endeavor Society; Rev. Wayland Hoyt, Minneapolis; Hon. W. C. P. Breckenridge, Louisville, Ky.; Bishop B. W. Arnett, of the African M. E. Church; Rev. David J. Burrill, New York; General Secretary H. L. Hale, of the Y. M. C. A., Worcester, Mass.; Rev. E. K. Young, New Britain, Conn.; Rev. John W. F. Carlisle, Newburgh, New York; Rev. D. F. McGill, Allegheny, Pa.; Rev. W. W. Brewer, Charlottetown; Rev. N. B. Grubb, Philadelphia; Mr. Robert E. Burleigh, Rochester; Mr. Anthony Comstock, Thornton B. Penfield and Rev. J. L. Campbell.

Owing to the immense number of delegates and the utter impossibility of securing an auditorium large enough for their accommodation, two programmes will be carried out in as many meetings, one in the government drill hall and the other in a large tent on the parade grounds directly opposite. Rev. Dr. Francis E. Clark, the originator of the Endeavor, arrived last night from his tour around the world, and is the lion of the hour. The sessions proper were preceded this afternoon by a meeting of the executive committee at the Windsor Hotel. This evening there will be five preparatory meetings in as many of the largest churches of Montreal, the speakers at which will include Rt. Rev. Morris S. Baldwin, Bishop of Huron, Ont.; Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler, of Brooklyn, and other eminent divines. The formal addresses of welcome will take place to-morrow morning.

Steamer Mystery will leave for the west coast this evening.

## WILHELM'S SPEECH.

### Address of the German Emperor at the Opening of the Reichstag.

Berlin, July 4.—The Reichstag was opened to-day by Emperor William in person. At noon the castle guards marched into the white saloon, which occupies the southeast corner of the royal palace, and took positions about the dais from which His Majesty was to read his speech in opening the session. Following the guards came the members of the Bundesrath, the representatives of the individual states composing the German Empire. After them came the ministers of state and the members of the Reichstag. When all had taken the positions assigned to them, the Prince of Pless, grand marshal of the court, announced the approach of the Eperor by knocking upon the floor with his staff of office. The Emperor, attired in full military uniform, entered the saloon and proceeded directly to the dais, which was erected to the right of the press gallery. Bowing low, Chancellor von Caprivi handed the manuscript of the imperial speech to the Emperor. Holding himself erect His Majesty in a firm and clear voice, read as follows:—

"Honored gentlemen:—

"Since you have been called in common to work for the federal government, I desire to welcome you upon entering on your deliberations. A bill concerning the peace footing of the country, which was submitted to the former Reichstag, to my regret, did not find approval. It was the unanimous conviction, shared by all my high confederates, that the Empire no longer could afford to renounce the development of the army system, necessary to guarantee the future safety of the Empire in face of the development of military institutions generally. The rejection of the army bill was bound therefore to lead to the resolution to dissolve the Reichstag and order new elections. Since the first introduction of the bill, the political situation in Europe has experienced no change.

"The relations of the Empire with other powers are thoroughly friendly and free from all clouds. The proportion of Germany's organized military strength has, however, changed for the worse during the past year, when compared with that of our neighbors. If already Germany's geographical position and historical development has laid upon us the duty to maintain a relatively strong army, then a further increase in the military strength of the Empire becomes a formidable necessity to satisfy the duties laid upon me by the constitution. I consider that all the means at our disposal must be utilized in order to establish an effective defense of the fatherland.

"You will receive immediately a new bill regarding the peace footing of the army, in which there will be taken into account as far as possible certain desires expressed during the discussion of the late bill. Consequently, diminished demands are made upon the personal capacities and tax-bearing power of the people, as far as possible, without endangering the efficiency of the army. The Empire's interest requires, especially in view of the end of the Septenate next spring, that the bill be passed with utmost dispatch, so that the new recruit calls may be made before autumn on the new basis. Delay would influence most unfavorably our strength for more than twenty years.

"With a view to enabling you to dedicate your undivided attention to the discussion of the bill, the Government will not in the meantime introduce any other measures. I and my high confederates remain convinced that the means for the new organization can be procured without overburdening the country, on the basis of the financial bill introduced in the Reichstag last autumn. At the opening of the winter session a bill will be presented directed to obtain means according to the capability of the taxpayers. Until then the increased costs will be covered by the federal estates through matriculation payments.

"Gentlemen, with great sacrifice Germany has been united in one empire. The nation honors most those who staked their blood and prosperity to safeguard the glorious achievements with which God has blessed us in our battles for independence. This is our most sacred duty. This duty we can only fulfill if we make ours lves strong enough to remain surety for Europe's peace. I trust you will not fail to give me and my confederates your patriotic sacrifices and willing support for these aims."

The Emperor's reference to the duties of the members of the Reichstag to preserve and guard that which the nation had won, was greeted with hearty cheers. When the Emperor had concluded his written speech, loud and prolonged applause greeted him. His Majesty stood waiting for quiet to be restored, and, when he could be heard, he added a few improvised remarks, saying:—"Now then, go; the old God looks upon you, and will lend you His blessing to complete this honest work for the benefit of the Fatherland. Amen!" The Bavarian ministry called for three cheers for the Emperor, and they were given with a hearty good will. The uniform worn by the Emperor was that of the Garde du Corps. The members of the Social Democratic and Radical People's party, and some of the Anti-Semites were not present at the ceremony of opening the House. Most of the members of the Centre or Catholic party were present, and there was a full attendance of the Government groups.

## RELIGIOUS WAR.

### Dr. Briggs' Suspension Likely to Cause Further Trouble.

New York, July 4.—An important secret conclave of "Belting Presbyterians" was held in this city on June 29 to protest against the action of the central assembly of the Presbyterian church in the suspension of Dr. Briggs. The meeting was large and composed entirely of supporters of and sympathizers with Dr. Briggs and advocates of his policy and tenets. All information of the meeting and its purposes was carefully kept from the outside public, both before and after the meeting, until Monday when a reporter learned that such a conference had been held. Many clergymen from other cities in this state and some from New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Connecticut and Rhode Island were present. Dr. Francis Brown and Thomas S. Hastings, both of the Union Theological Seminary in this city were present at the meeting. The attendants at the conclave were enjoined to the strictest secrecy regarding the meeting and its objects, but the reporter learned that some very vigorous protests were entered against the action of the general assembly, which may result in a complete split in that body, and a secession of no mean proportion from its ranks. It was resolved to take immediate steps to circulate protest against the general assembly's action on the Briggs matter. The protest is to be signed by Presbyterians of the more advanced school all over the country. The reporter called on a number of the clergymen who are known to have been present at the meeting, but all either feigned ignorance of it or refused absolutely to talk on the subject.

## RIOTING STUDENTS.

### Parisian Rowdies Join the Bohemians in Creating a Disturbance.

Paris, July 4.—Riotous demonstrations were made by the students at St. Germain des Pres and in Rue St. Jacob near the Hospital de la Charite. The police were unable to disperse the mobs, and eventually a large detachment of cavalry charged and dispersed the students. The municipal council have decided to send a deputation to the funeral of M. Nuger, who was killed in the encounter betwen the police and the students in the Latin quarter on Saturday. They have issued a proclamation, however, urging all persons who attend the funeral to act calmly and pacifically. It is rumored that the funeral will be held very early to-morrow morning.

The disorder increases hourly in the streets. The whole district bounded by the Boulevard St. Germain, the river and the Rue de Seine is in an uproar. Students, with crowds of roughs, fill the open spaces. Omnibuses and tramcars are stopped by the mob, passengers are turned out and the vehicles are upset, traffic being suspended. The Rue St. Peres has been barricaded. Pedestrians are stopped and maltreated. The charity hospital has been surrounded with cuirassiers to keep off the students who threatened to attack the building. The ministry of public works, the marine department and the Ecole des Beaux Arts are guarded by the military. Skirmishing is reported intermittently from several points and the students are trying to repeat the scenes in the neighborhood of the Palais de Justice and Prefecture de Police.

A mob assembled at the Place St. Michel and tried to rush over the bridge to the Boulevard Palais, which runs between the two buildings. They were met and driven back by a body of cavalry. They retreated, fighting, down the Boulevard St. Michel. Many students were trampled or cut and several cavalrymen were wounded by flying stones. At 10.30 the students have possession of a dozen streets between the Boulevard St. Germain and the Seine. Infantry and cavalry are at hand, however, to restrain them from breaking into the public buildings.

Between 11 and 12 o'clock the mobs piled up the carriages and carts which they had seized to barricade the streets. All the shops between the Rue de Perse and College de France were closed early in the evening. The names of twenty men severely injured in the riots of the night have been reported. Twelve of the injured are in hospitals. M. Lozé, prefect of police, tendered his resignation to-day to the government, but the government declined to accept it until after the restoration of order. At 1 o'clock the report from the Latin quarter said that most of the windows were broken, the lamp posts were lying across the streets and broken furniture and half smashed vehicles lay scattered over the pavements. A police brigadier is said to have been severely wounded.

At 11.30 o'clock the whole district between the Rue St. Peres and the College de France and the two blocks east of the Boulevard St. Michel are in full riot. Troops of cavalry and squads of police are stationed in every street. Students are stopping and upsetting all the vehicles. Scores of carts and carriages have been set on fire. Many of the students are using revolvers. The mob in front of the Charity Hospital have been charged repeatedly by the police, but they fight back and will not disperse. Their allies in the windows near the hospital have been pelting the police with crockery and furniture and cotton saturated with carbolic acid. The critical situation is complicated by the demonstration of workingmen. Three thousand of them met this evening in the Labor Exchange and decided to remain in the building all night to prevent the authorities from executing their threat to close it. More than 1,500 workingmen are marching through the disturbed district.

It is reported that Nuger's body will be sent to Lyons to-night in order that no opportunity for a demonstration at the funeral may be given. The students are watching the railway station to thwart the plan. The keenest anxiety is evinced everywhere. General Saussier, military governor of Paris, has prepared the garrison for the worst. The morning newspapers give many instances of perfect vandalism manifested by the students' mobs. On the Boulevard St. Michel the rioters caused a blockade of the tram cars. They compelled the passengers in the first car to alight, smashed the windows with iron bars, unhitched the horses and turned the cars upside down. The rioters near by were quick to follow the example, and within five minutes five other cars were wrecked and upset. In the Rue Eugene de la Croix twenty lads built a barricade of vehicles and paving stones. This barricade, like most of the others, impeded greatly the operations of the cavalry and was impregnable against the police. The Paris newspapers say that one policeman was killed and thirty or forty policemen and one hundred and fifty rioters were injured.

London, July 5.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily News says that the roughs who are aiding the riotous students are supposed to be in the pay of political wirepullers who wish to bring the Dupuy government into discredit.

### Nitro-Gelatine.

Experiments are being caried out at Sandy Hook in firing shells filled with nitro-gelatine. This is one of the best explosives yet discovered for such work. It is about three and a half times the strength of gunpowder; is quite plastic like soft soap, but altogether insoluble in water; does not exude nitro-glycerine under considerable heat, and may be stored in water until wanted. Its composition is a special nitrated cotton and nitro-glycerine. It contains more of the latter than the strongest dynamite, and is therefore a more powerful explosive and much safer to handle. The smokeless powder in use in the British army, cordite, is a very simple modification of nitro-glycerine with a little camphor added. The patent for nitro-gelatine has long expired, and any manufacturer may produce it. One factory in the east has embarked in the manufacture, but on this coast it has not been attempted. A description of the process followed at Ardeer, Scotland, was lately published in the proceedings of one of the London chemical societies.

## THORNHILL DISASTER.

### Scores of English Miners Entombed in the Pit by an Explosion.

London, July 4.—The day shift went to work as usual this morning at the Thornhill mines. The ventilation was reported to be good. All went well until noon, when the men at the pit's mouth were startled by an explosion and by clouds of dense smoke clouding up the main shaft. They tried to communicate with the workingmen, but found that the interior had been cut off from the shaft. The pit managers organized a party and descended slowly through the smoke. They were driven back repeatedly and eventually gave up their purpose of penetrating to the workings before the foul gas could be cleared away. After taking up the bodies found at the bottom of the shaft, the rescue party waited for several hours before making another descent. About the middle of the evening they went down again. The gas had cleared off near the shaft and they were able to examine part of the working portion. Bodies of miners lay on the ground in heaps. Many were sent to the surface. Unremitting efforts are being made to reach the miners who may be still alive. Between 11 and 12 o'clock so much gas accumulated in the mine that it was necessary to stop the work of rescue. The men and boys missing number 145. The body of the under manager, badly burned, was found in the mine near the shaft.

The cause of the explosion has not been ascertained. There is no indication that the explosion was exceptionally violent, but the flames spread through the main air ways with extraordinary rapidity and produced an enormous amount of afterdamp. With a view to shifting the unused seam in which the fire appeared will be flooded. There were terrible scenes of grief at the pit's mouth when the manager announced that more than one hundred miners were lost. One woman fell dead when she learned that her husband had been killed. The Lord Mayor may devote to the relief of the stricken families the fund collected for the royal wedding fetes

## GENERAL DISPATCHES.

### News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

Chicago, July 4.—At yesterday's session of the National Socialistic Labor party resolutions were adopted praising Governor Altgeld, of Illinois, for his courage in pardoning the Chicago anarchists, Fielden, Neebe and Schwab, and stating his reasons therefor. It was decided to print in various languages a number of copies of his statement accompanying the pardon as a campaign document. Before the adoption of the resolution a large number of speeches were delivered, dwelling on the aspects of the case, and all were favorable to the governor and the resolutions were passed unanimously. Delegate Andrews, of San Francisco, dwelt on the value of the governor's statement as a vindication of the right of undisturbed assembly and free speech.

New York, July 4.—Abturrahim Effendi, an Egyptian of rank, is in the city to propagate the Moslem faith in this country. He will assist ex-Consul Alexander Webb, in establishing colonies of Egyptians in the south and building mosques in this and other cities. In an interview he said: "Mohammedanism is destined to be the religion of all intelligent people and the time to spread the prophet's doctrine is now ripe. Calm, earnest discussions will work wonders, for Christianity is evidently a failure. Christians are not sincere, but Moslems are as devout as ther were in the days of Mahomet. In Europe the Moslem faith is making great strides, and in America progress, not dreamed of by those who were unacquainted with the subject, is rapid."

Morrison, Pa., July 4.—Mrs. Catherine Boger, after a year of married life, died and was buried. Her husband, Charles Boger, grieved greatly over her death. Finally someone told him that his wife, previous to her marriage had been subject to periodical attacks of hysteria and that there was a possibility that she had been buried alive. This caused the husband to become almost a raving maniac and he caused the body to be resurrected. Then it was discovered that the woman had, indeed, been buried alive. The body was turned face downward, the glass in the lid was broken, the robes were torn to shreds, hair disheveled and flesh torn, showing where the woman had torn herself in the frenzy upon discovering her awful position.

Bridgeport, Conn., July 4.—A colossal statue of the late P. T. Barnum was unveiled here to-day with appropriate exercises and in the presence of a large audience. It is of bronze, and a life-like image of the great showman.

Cairo, July 4.—In Mecca 26 persons died of cholera to-day. In Jeddah there were 400.

Rome, July 4.—President Saenz, of Argentina, has informed the Vatican that he will send a special representative to settle the subjects at issue between the government and Rome concerning the republic. The pope has given 5,000 francs to be used in spreading the propaganda of the faith in foreign countries.

London, July 4.—Thomas Bayard, U. S. ambassador to Great Britain, gave a Fourth of July reception at the Buckingham Palace hotel to-day. For two hours an unbroken procession of carriages moved up to the hotel entrance. Among those present were Lady Randolph Churchill, Lady Dilke, and the more conspicuous members of the American colony in London.

Paris, July 4.—General Meredith Read gave a Fourth of July dinner this evening. Among the guests were Prince Roland Bonaparte, the Marquis of Bassano and J. F. Loubet, who recently founded a prize in the French Institute for the best work on American history.

San Francisco, July 5.—Daniel McCarthy and Allo Pope, tin roofers, were stabbed by an unknown man who provoked a quarrel late last night. Both were wounded in the abdomen, and it is believed McCarthy's wounds will prove fatal. Edward Kelly, who was present at the time of the stabbing, was arrested this morning, and will be detained pending further investigation.

Louisville, Ky., July 5.—Efforts are being made to induce President Cleveland to try a few weeks' course of water drinking at the far-famed French Lick Springs at French Lick, Indiana, to relieve him of the fat now giving him so much trouble. The springs have been noted for half a century for their curative qualities. As a cure for obesity they are recommended by members of the medical profession, and the waters would prove of advantage in the president's case.

### Northern Pacific.

Double trains daily to St. Paul, Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Connects at St. Paul and Chicago for all points east and south. Superior Pullman sleepers, upholstered tourist cars and dining cars on all through trains. Direct service to the Yellowstone national park. Fast time and all the reduced rates offered patrons of this line. For full information call or address E. E. Blackwood, ticket agent, Adelphi building, Victoria.

### A Big Gun.

The British admiralty, says the Army and Navy Register, has just adopted the new wire wound quick-firing six-inch breech-loading gun for the navy. The new weapon is forty calibres long and weighs seven tons. It will fire an elongated projectile weighing 100 pounds a distance of over four miles. It is such a quick firing gun that at long range when fired with cordite it has three or four shots in the air at the same time.

*Mr. Robert W. Denvir*

An Exempt Fireman of Jackson Engine Co., Long Island City, N. Y., says that at Christmas, 1890, he could only take a smell of dinner, as he was in a fearful condition from **Dyspepsia**. The next summer he went to Europe for his health, but came home incured. In the fall he decided upon a thorough trial of

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

And by Christmas had a hearty appetite, healthy digestion, and was perfectly well. His cure was due wholly to Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, and sick headache. Try them.

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VICTORIA B. C

**Notice of Removal.**

DR. GARROW has removed his office to Room 1, Moody Block. Residence, 21 Queen's Avenue. m19-tf

**Atlantic Steamship Lines.**

Tickets to and from Europe via. CHICAGO AND THE WORLD'S FAIR, through NEW YORK, BOSTON and CANADIAN PORTS, via any Atlantic Steamship Lines. For particulars, dates, rates, etc. Apply to

ALLAN CAMERON,
General Steamship Agent
Cor. Fort and Gov't St.


RAILWAYS.

## ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

### TIME TABLE NO 18.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

| SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily. Ar. | Lv. | STATIONS | Miles from Victoria. | NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily. Lv. | Ar. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1.00 P M | 8.00 A M | VICTORIA | | 3.00 P M | 6.30 P M |
| 1.18 | 8.18 | RUSSELLN | 7 | 2.42 | 6.12 |
| 1.28 | 8.28 | ESQUIMALT | 3 | 2.32 | 6.02 |
| 1.34 | 8.34 | COLLISTON | 2 | 2.26 | 5.56 |
| 1.39 | 8.39 | GORGE ROAD | 1 | 2.21 | 5.51 |
| 1.50 | 8.50 | SHAWNIGAN LAKE | 15 | 2.10 | 5.40 |
| 2.17 | 9.17 | COBBLE HILL | 45 | 1.43 | 5.13 |
| 2.27 | 9.27 | McPHERSON'S | 55 | 1.33 | 5.03 |
| 2.37 | 9.37 | KOKSILAH | 65 | 1.23 | 4.53 |
| 2.47 | 9.47 | DUNCAN'S | 75 | 1.13 | 4.43 |
| 3.05 | 10.05 | SOMENOS | 93 | 12.55 | 4.25 |
| 3.15 | 10.15 | CHEMAINUS | 103 | 12.45 | 4.15 |
| 6.40 P M | 7.40 A M | NANAIMO | 209 | 9.15 A M | 1.15 P M |
| | | WELLINGTON | 214 | | |

No. 3 Passenger Friday, Sundays & Mondays. Lv. 3.00 P M. Ar. 7.30 P M. Miles from Wellington, 0. Lv. 8.00 A M. Ar. 12.30 P M.

No. 4 Passenger Friday, Sundays & Mondays. Lv. 8.00 A M. Ar. 12.30 P M.

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
R. R. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent

## CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED).

### TIME TABLE NO. 20,

Taking effect June 1st, 1893.

**Vancouver Route.**

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 7 o'clock A.M.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 15:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

**New Westminster Route.**

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 22 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

**Northern Route.**

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

**Barclay Sound Route.**

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

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H. A. JOHNSON, Div. Fr't & Pass. Agt., Great Northern, Seattle.

## Naval Contracts.

Tenders will be received here on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Tuesday, 1st of August next, for supplying such quantities of soft bread, salt beef, lime, coffins, and digging graves as may be required for naval purposes.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tenders can be obtained at this office.

JAMES H. INNES,
Naval Storekeeper, etc.
Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, 1 July, 1893. j3-td


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No. 4. KING SOLOMON'S MINES. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 5. ROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS. By Jules Verne.
No. 6. THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 7. LADY GRACE. By Mrs. Henry Wood.
No. 8. AVERIL. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 9. THE BLACK DWARF. By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 10. A NOBLE LIFE. By Miss Mulock.
No. 11. THE BELLE OF LYNN; or, THE MILLER'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 12. THE BLACK TULIP. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 13. THE DUCHESS. By "The Duchess."
No. 14. NURSE REVEL'S MISTAKE. By Florence Warden.
No. 15. MERLE'S CRUSADE. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 16. A STUDY IN SCARLET. By A. Conan Doyle.
No. 17. ROCK RUIN; or, THE DAUGHTER OF THE ISLAND. By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens.
No. 18. LORD LISLE'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 19. THE ARMORER OF TYRE. By Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
No. 20. MR. GILFIL'S LOVE STORY. By George Eliot.
No. 21. A SCARLET SIN. By Florence Marryatt.
No. 22. THE SEA KING. By Captain Marryatt.
No. 23. THE SIEGE OF GRANADA. By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton.
No. 24. MR. MEESON'S WILL. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 25. JENNY BARLOWE. By W. Clarke Russell.
No. 26. BEATON'S BARGAIN. By Mrs Alexander.
No. 27. THE SQUIRE'S DARLING. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 28. THE RUSSIAN GIPSY. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 29. THE WANDERING HEIR. By Charles Reade.
No. 30. FLOWER AND WEED. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 31. NO THOROUGHFARE. By Chas. Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
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(N.B.—Of the stock of books first received, several of the numbers in the above list are exhausted, but another supply will be received in two weeks' time. All orders which include any of the missing novels will be filed pending arrival of new supply. This explanation will account for any delay that may occur in receiving books.)

THE TIMES,
Victoria, B. C

AUCTION SALES.

# MORTGAGEE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which shall be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction, H. Cuthbert & Company, Auctioneers, at their sales room, Broad Street, in the City of Victoria, B.C., on

**Friday, 7th July, 1893, at 11 a. m.,**

The following property, viz:

All those parcels or lots of land situate in Metchosin District, Province of British Columbia, containing altogether, 665 acres, more or less, and known as and numbered on the official map of said

**Metchosin District, Sections 29, 30, 40, 41 & 42;**

Also all those parcels or lots of land situate in Lake District, Province of British Columbia, containing 925 acres, more or less, and known as and numbered on the official map of said

**Lake District, Sections 2 and 101.**

For further particulars apply to C. E. Pooley, of 47 Langley Street, Victoria, B.C., Mortgagee's Solicitor, or to

HERBERT CUTHBERT,
Auctioneer.

ju23-13t

# Auction Sale

REGARDLESS OF COST.
By Order of the Court.

**Wednesday, Thursday and Friday**
**July 5, 6 and 7,**
And following days if necessary.

Gold and Silver Watches, Alberts, Chains, Rings, Brooches, Ear Rings, Charms, Pendants, Bracelets, Medals, Cigar Boxes, Cigarette Cases, Solid Silver and Electroplated Dinner, Tea, Breakfast and Dessert Ware, Articles of Vertu, Large Regulator, Clocks, Birthday and Wedding Gifts, etc.

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On the premises as above. Also the valuable FIXTURES AND FITTINGS, comprising handsome window and electric light fittings, 3 valuable wall show cases, 3 counter ditto, 90 yards of Linoleum, cabinet of watch glasses, heating stove one LARGE TAYLOR SAFE, with double doors and quite equal to new.

Sale to commence each day at 2 p.m.

Terms Cash.

HERBERT CUTHBERT,
Auctioneer.

ju30-5t

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## NOTICE

The partnership heretofore existing between John Coigdarripe and Luke Pither, carrying on business on Yates street, in the city of Victoria, under the firm name of Boucherat & Co., wine and spirit merchants, was dissolved on the 1st day of April last by mutual consent, Max Leiser having purchased the interest of John Coigdarripe in the said firm.

The business of the firm will be continued by Messrs. Luke Pither and Max Leiser, upon the same premises under the firm name of Pither & Leiser, successors to Boucherat & Co., and they have assumed all the liabilities of the old firm.

Dated this 14th day of June, 1893.

J. COIGDARRIPE.
LUKE PITHER.
MAX LEISER.

Witness:—
GEORGE JAY, Jr. je14-1m

## FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 57 Third street, Victoria. m28-tf

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# ONLY SEEMING DEATH.

## ELECTROCUTION DECLARED TO BE A BRUTAL FRAUD.

**A Distinguished French Scientist Denies That Such Shocks Kill Criminals, but Says They Die Under the Surgeon's Knife—Can This be True?**

One of the most distinguished scientific men in France, a man with regard to whose honor and consummate ability there is no question, has just asserted that the electric shock of our penal laws does not kill. He maintains and insists that the current simply brings about apparent death, and that the person subjected to it may be revived by artificial respiration. In other words, the criminals who have been subjected to death by electricity in this state have not been killed by the current, but by the knives of the physicians who conducted the autopsy upon them.

These extraordinary statements are hardly credible, but he must be a bold man who would attempt to assert the contrary of any views to which M. d'Arsonval puts his name and stamps with his high authority. A remarkable summary of the labors of Professor d'Arsonval in regard to deaths and accidents caused by high tension currents, has just appeared in the Moniteur Industriel. The conclusions deduced are strongly confirmatory of those formulated by M. d'Arsonval since 1887. Electricity is shown to kill in two ways:

1. By producing mechanical lesions of the vessels and nervous system.

2. By inhibiting the great functions only or partially (stoppage of respirations, of the heart, of the exchanges between the tissues and the blood, etc.).

The first kind of death is attendant on lightning and the static discharges of powerful batteries. It is seldom encountered in cases of industrial discharges. The second, on the contrary, is nearly always the rule. The practical bearing of these facts is that, while the first brings about definite death, the effect of the second may be a state of apparent death, from which the person may be made to revive by practicing artificial respiration immediately after the accident.

D'Arsonval holds that a person struck by an electric shock should be treated exactly as one drowned, and the formula which he has given to electricians has called back to life a number of men since its publication. M. d'Arsonval and Birand stigmatize the putting of criminals to death by electric shock as a complicated, barbarous and unreliable proceeding, and they dare American doctors to practice artificial respiration upon the criminal after his socalled "death." D'Arsonval maintains that the use of dynamic electricity produces in man a kind of anesthesia, under cover of which he is mangled alive, and must be so in order to really become a corpse.

It is needless to say that d'Arsonval's earnest exposition of the results obtained in his recent experiments has attracted public attention to France and created a profound sensation. The experiments of M. d'Arsonval go to show that while the New York method is far from being certain, it is also brutal in the extreme, and is open to the doubt that in no case does it ever accomplish its purpose, namely that of killing the man or woman upon whom the law has passed the sentence of death. If M. d'Arsonval is to be believed, every man who has been subjected to the process in this state has probably been killed at the inquest.

With a view to answering the questions here raised, a reporter called upon several electrical and medical authorities and has submitted to them the views and experiments of M. d'Arsonval.

Joseph Wetzler, editor of the Electrical Engineer, said: "I believe that d'Arsonval's statements are thoroughly well founded. I believe, further, that the death by electricity is horribly cruel. The opinion is based on the statements of those who have received shocks of electric current of the strength used by the state, and who describe their sensations under the ordeal as 'the tortures of hell.' How long the victim is subjected to this torture before becoming absolutely insensible, can, of course, according to our present light, be only a matter of conjecture; but that he actually does suffer excruciatingly for some period of time, is matter about which there can be not the slightest doubt. The characterization of electrical execution as a humane method of killing is based on entirely insufficient promises and is in the highest degree misleading and inaccurate. It is hoped that the results of M. d'Arsonval's investigation will be brought to the attention of the legislature and that this mode of capital punishment may at length be regarded in its true light and abolished."

Other experts seen held substantially the same views.—New York Cor. Chicago Herald.

### A Contrast.

"I was much struck on looking over a recent exchange by two articles having reference to the habit of saving. The first detailed the passion for hoarding possessed by the late Duke of Bedford, who died so suddenly last month. My readers will perhaps recall the death of His Grace, which was a surprise to everyone, one of those sudden calls into Eternity which are made on peer and peasant alike. His chronicler says: "He had no studies or hobbies or tastes, but one passion, that for saving up money. This was a trait that declared itself when he was very young. At Balliol he had, of course, a very handsome allowance from his father, and his joy was to save as much as possible of it, and everything he saved he invested in safe, steady, riskless securities. This passion for saving remained with him to the day of his death. Never a day passed without his saving something and reckoning how much he had saved. After his succession to the dukedom and the enormous wealth accompanying it, the passion increased as a means of gratifying it had increased. His one absorbing thought was to save, to pile up further hoards of wealth, to see how much he could possibly save, to find new possibilities of retrenchment, form ways of increasing the unneeded surplus. And every penny he continued to invest by the best advice procurable in the soundest undertakings."

In contrast to this horrid picture of a dominant idea, the very next page gave an account of what was called Short Commons for Charity's sake, and related the experience of a poor country clergyman and his family who desired to help the cause of London missions to the poor and degraded. Here is his story: "I put it to the members of our small common wealth in they were willing to go on 'short common' to aid the London Missionary Society in the Forward Movement. There being no dissenters we determined: 1st. To go without meat; 2nd, to go without tea; 3rd, to go without jam; 4th, to go without sugar; and sundry small savings, which I calculated, as fairly as I could, not at 'store prices,' and the result was a saving of 24s. for the London Missionary Society. Bread and vegetables we did very well upon. As we are teetotalers and non-smokers, there was nothing to save on those two items. Totaling up each day our saving was amusing and a joy." I think it would do anybody good to "gaze on this picture and then on that," and that the soundest business heads would rather risk the income from the latter than the former. Poor Duke of Bedford! rich little country parson!—Lady Gay, in Saturday Night.

## PREVENTION OF SEASICKNESS.

**One of the Things Which Must Be Attended To on Ocean Ships.**

For a long time the improvements in transatlantic steamers have had mainly for their object the shortening of the trip between America and Europe, and the latest Cunard ship, the Campania, is to cross in five days and possibly may reduce the record to four and one-half days. She is the longest and most capacious steamship afloat, her 600 feet lenght between perpendiculars being only 80 feet short of the departed Great Eastern, and her beam of 65.7 feet being 17 feet less than the defunct leviathan. Her length over all is 620 feet; extreme breadth, 65 feet 3 inches; depth to upper deck, 43 feet, and gross tonnage about 12,500 tons. Her displacement will probably be 18,000 tons. She is fitted with two sets of the most powerful triple expansion engines that have yet been constructed, each set, it is believed, capable of indicating from 14,000 to 15,000 horse power. A fair idea of her size may, perhaps, be gathered from the Pittsburg Dispatch's statement that her funnels are each 21 feet in diameter and the monkey-bridge is 60 feet above the level of the water.

While every possible modern resource is thus being exhausted in the attempt to shorten the Atlantic ferry trip, there are signs that attention is being directed at length to the securing of greater comfort during the passage, especially to prevent seasickness. It has lately been suggested that no good means of registering the motions of ships in riding on the waves has yet been devised, and that such an appliance would be useful in helping shipbuilders to discover the best way of making steady vessels—such as would diminish the risk of seasickness. Probably a seismograph might serve. The germ of another apparatus is perhaps to be found in a photograph recently obtained at sea. An eclipse of the moon took place and a photograph was made of it from the deck of the vessel. Of course the camera partook of the ship's indescribable motions, and the photograph represented a curiously tangled line eminently suggestive of the record of a seismogram. Possibly the photograph of a star of low altitude, with the horizon of a datum line, would give a diagram of a ship's movement on the water. At all events, it is more than probable that before long the desirability of traveling in certain ships will be determined by their seagoing form as much as by their speed.

While, however, scientific men are taking in hand the determination of the theories on which such a reformation is to be based, a most successful attempt has been made to attain the same end by practical means. The newest steamers of the Atlantic Transport company, plying between New York and London, are provided with two extra keels, which run three-quarters of their length. No other Atlantic liner has the advantage of this special construction of hull, which reduces the rolling motion to a minimum. Every cabin is kept constantly supplied with pure air, and the odors of the galley are rendered innocuous. In these ships seasickness is the exception.

### Blowing Up Condemned Cannon.

Near Monocacy, Pa., parties were recently engaged in the novel business of breaking to pieces with dynamite the monster steel guns made by the manufacturers of cannon for the government, which, after being cast, are found to be imperfect. The slightest flaw, abrasion or crack in cannon is sufficient to cause the inspectors to condemn them. These discarded guns cannot be remelted unless they are reduced to small pieces. The cannons are taken in an out of the way place, where holes are drilled into them and then set off with dynamite, of which material a ton is used per month. Nearly all the guns are shipped to Monocacy station and Birdsboro, whence they are carted to the place where the dynamiting is done. They weigh all the way from four to twenty-five tons and eighteen to twenty-five horses are frequently required. From a half to three pounds of dynamite is used per blast. Some days as high as 200 blasts are made and none of the blasted pieces must be larger than a cubic foot. After being reduced to pieces they are sent back to the gun foundries.—Philadelphia Ledger.

### Red Hair and Freckles.

Science explains the phenomenon of red hair thus: "It is caused by a superabundance of iron in the blood. This it is that imparts the vigor, the elasticity, the great vitality, the overflowing, thoroughly healthy animal life which runs riot through the veins of the ruddy haired, and this strong, sentient animal life is what renders them more intense in all their emotions than their more languid fellow creatures. The excess of iron is also the cause of freckles on the peculiarly clear, white skin which always accompanies red hair. This skin is abnormally sensitive to the action of the sun's rays, which not only bring out the brown spots in abundance, but also burn like a mustard plaster, producing a queer, creepy sensation, as if the skin were wrinkling up.—Analyst.

### Efficiency of Labor at High Altitudes.

Mr. Lane the engineer in charge of the works of the Peruvian Central Railway, has published some interesting data concerning the relative efficiency of his workmen at high altitudes. Up to the height of from 8000 to 10,000 feet he has ascertained that the navvies perform practically the same amount of labor as at sea level, provided, however, that they have become accustomed to the altitude or have been brought up in South America. When 12,000 feet are reached efficiency diminishes, and at from 14,000 to 16,000 feet there is a falling off of fully one-third compared with the quantity of work done on the flat. Nevertheless the percentage of labor at the greatest elevations is very good, Mr. Lane says, owing to the absence of malaria.

### A Capacious Maw.

It was in the summer time. An Englishman of gentle manners arrived at a Swiss hotel. Tired of his journey, he sat down at the dinner table, placing his bag on the chair next to the one he occupied. When he had finished his repast, he called for the bill, when he found that he was charged the double amount.

"How is this?" he inquired and was told in reply that his bag had taken up the room of a guest at the table. Upon receiving this information he quickly paid the bill and took his departure.

A couple of days afterward the same Englishman returned to the hotel, where, as before, he took his seat at the dinner table, and as before placed his bag on the next chair. The dinner was served. The Englishman ate a hearty meal, and so did his traveling bag, which received its full allowance of every dish that was brought on the table. General merriment among the guests, our English tourist all the while observing a grave and silent deportment. The waiters took in drunk astonishment. The bag is getting fuller by degrees. At last the Englishman, in a towering rage, appears on the scene.

"Sir, how dare you! I never saw anything like it in my life!"

Then the taciturn diner got up and observed in his blandest tones: "My traveling bag is in better condition now than it was three days ago. It is sorry that its appetite was none of the best on the former occasion."

A dark mist overspread the eyes of the landlord, whereas the light seemed to dawn upon the rest of the company. The Englishman told them all what had happened. Loud laughter! Shouts of applause! Disappearance of the landlord!—Zurcherische Freitagszeitung.

### A Wasted Oration.

They tell a good story about one of our prominent lawyers here. He is considered, and rightly, an orator, and on occasions is in great demand as a speaker. The episode occurred after he had recently been called upon for oratorical efforts on several occasions and had responded. Retiring one night very tired after a banquet, the viands of which had evidently not been so carefully prepared as the impromptu after dinner speeches, the lawyer was troubled with somnambulism.

Rising up in bed he began to pour forth a torrent of eloquence, accompanying it with vigorous gestures. His wife was awakened and cried out to her excited spouse, "What in the world are you doing?" The reply came like a flash from the somnambulistic orator "I've talked for everybody else, now I'm making a speech for myself." He thereupon subsided, and the next morning knew nothing of the ludicrous incident.—Augusta (Me.) Journal.

### Something to Show For It.

General Grant, who was fond of children, was introduced to a little girl 4 years old. She gazed at him with an expression half incredulous. "Are you the General Grant that fought in the battles?" she asked. "Yes, I was in a good many battles," said Grant. The little one looked at him in wondering silence and then said, "Let's hear you holler!"—San Francisco Argonaut.

### No Wonder He Ran Away.

Hills—And, Miss Prim, what is your opinion of the styles of 1830?

Miss Prim—Sir!

Hills—Er—nothing personal—that is—well, I don't mean from observation of course—er—I—will you excuse me a moment?—Truth.

### Hood's Cures

In saying that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures, its proprietors make no idle or extravagant claim. Statements from thousands reliable people of what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for them conclusively prove the fact—HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES.

HOOD'S PILLS act especially upon the liver, rousing it from torpidity to its natural duties, cure constipation and assist digestion.

IF YOU USE SUNLIGHT YOU'RE RIGHT.

Sunlight Soap has the LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD
Because it is THE BEST IN THE WORLD
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These who use it. Find it will do what no other Soap can do.
For Laundry and Household, it is a positive comfort

**CHAS. HAYWARD**
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government street Victoria.

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# B. B. B.

**Burdock Blood Bitters**

Is a purely vegetable compound, possessing perfect regulating powers over all the organs of the system, and controlling their secretions. It so purifies the blood that it

# CURES

All blood humors and diseases, from a common pimple to the worst scrofulous sore, and this combined with its unrivalled regulating, cleansing and purifying influence on the secretions of the liver, kidneys, bowels and skin, render it unequalled as a cure for all diseases of the

# SKIN

From one to two bottles will cure boils, pimples, blotches, nettle rash, scurf, tetter, and all the simple forms of skin disease. From two to four bottles will cure salt rheum or eczema, shingles, erysipelas, ulcers, abscesses, running sores, and all skin eruptions. It is noticeable that sufferers from skin

# DISEASES

Are nearly always aggravated by intolerable itching, but this quickly subsides on the removal of the disease by B.B.B. Passing on to graver yet prevalent diseases, such as scrofulous swellings, humors and

# SCROFULA

We have undoubted proof that from three to six bottles used internally and by outward application (diluted if the skin is broken) to the affected parts, will effect a cure. The great mission of B. B. B. is to regulate the liver, kidneys, bowels and blood, to correct acidity and wrong action of the stomach and to open the sluice ways of the system to carry off all clogged and impure secretions, allowing nature thus to aid recovery and remove without fail

# BAD BLOOD

Liver complaint, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick headache, dropsy, rheumatism, and every species of disease arising from disordered liver, kidneys, stomach, bowels and blood. We guarantee every bottle of B. B. B. Should any person be dissatisfied after using the first bottle, we will refund the money on application personally or by letter. We will also be glad to send testimonials and information proving the effects of B. B. B. in the above named diseases, on application to T. MILBURN & CO., Toronto, Ont.

## Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Section 12 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-Law, 1885," which provides that

From the first day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating or street sprinkling, except during the hours between 5 o'clock in the evening and 9 o'clock in the following morning, and on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In Central Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays;

In South Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays; and

In North Ward, on Wednesday and Saturdays.

And the water of the said Waterworks shall not be used for irrigating or street sprinkling outside the limits of the said City.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., June 5th, 1893.

## THE DOUGLAS HOUSE,

5 Gordon St., Victoria.

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TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are free to holders of First or Second-class tickets, and
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| 10 15 am | Lv | 28 | | ...Seattle..., | 82 | Lv | 3 00 am |
| 1 30 pm | Lv | 72 | | Pt. Townsend | 38 | Lv | 11 45 pm |
| 4 30 pm | Ar | 110 | | ...Victoria!... | M 1 | Lv | 8 30 pm |

Port Townsend Mail Route.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Lv | MI | | | A | |
| 11 00 pm | Lv | 28 | | ..*Seattle.... | 68 | Ar | v pm |
| 12 30 am | Lv | 39 | | .Port Madison | 47 | Lv | 2 10 pm |
| | | Lv | 45 | .. Kingston... | 41 | Lv | |
| 3 00 am | Lv | 49 | | .Port Gamble. | 31 | Lv | 11 00 am |
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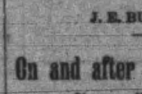

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# JOAN
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**On and after March 22nd, 1893,**

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island every alternate Tuesday at.....7 a.m.
Returning same day.
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For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria.....Store street.

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S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, August 2, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change.

The Splendid New 5,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer
Mariposa.....THURSDAY, July 20th, 1893 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the Eastern Mails

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**STEAMSHIP "MIOWERA"**

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**CHINA AND JAPAN LINE.**

Empress of Japan leaves Vancouver, June 2
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FOR SALE—Cheap, one horse, harness and light express wagon. Apply to the Victoria Transfer Company, Broughton St. m24-tf

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THOMAS HOOPER
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NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

Mr. W. C. Windebank, Pianoforte Tuner, Has removed from 85 to 79 Fort Street, where he hopes to receive the patronage so liberally bestowed on him at his former residence.

Concertinas tuned and repaired. Instruments left over 3 months will be sold. Pianos tuned and regulated, $2. Lessons in vocal music. jn6-1m

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PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER,
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184. ju13

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Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Mann, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coa and wood for sale e22-1y

## SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja13 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy8 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.A. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday in every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LAPORTE, Scribe E.
1-1y

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend. E. PFEIDNER, K. of R. and S.
oc9

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. G. SMITH, Secretary.

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Diseases of women and children. Office: 90 Douglas Street. ju21 3m

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The new Flagship on the Pacific, At Esquimalt.
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CAPT. JOHN IRVING,
Will leave the Hudson's Bay Wharf, at Victoria, on
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at 2 o'clock p.m., and will go alongside the "Royal Arthur."
Return fares, adults, 50 cents; children under 12, 25 cents.
Don't miss this chance of going over one of the finest cruisers in the world.
July 4 td.

SOCIAL DANCE
AT VICTORIA GARDENS,
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Of each week during the Summer. Admission, Gentlemen 25c., Ladies free. Music by the Brown-Richardson Orchestra. ju19 1m

## MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

GOOD SMART BOY wanted. Apply 23 Fort street. j4-2t

WANTED—Dresses and sack suits by Mrs. Knight, 60 1-2 Johnson street. j3-5t

WANTED—A parlor maid. Apply between the hours of 10 and 2. Mrs. Wm. Ward, "Highwood," Moss street. j3-tf

WANTED—Two first class cabinet makers. F. W. Hart, Vancouver, B. C. j3-tf

FOUND—A bunch of keys, owner can have same by calling at Times office, proving property and paying for this advertisement. j3-1

TEACHER WANTED—For Hornby Island, public school. Apply at once to G. Heatherbill, Hornby Island, B. C. j2-2w

WANTED—Active, trustworthy, handy man for plain garden and pony. Further particulars at 23 Cadboro Bay road, 8 a.m. or 6 p.m. j28-3t

WANTED—A good strong girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. Clearihue, Cadboro Bay road, opposite Charles street. j26-tf

DURING my absence from the city my wife Annie and my son J. A. McDowell, hold my power of attorney. Wm. McDowell. j24-1w

FOR SALE—Improved farm, 105 acres, 8 acres cleared; 1½ story log house and 4 sheds; near McPherson's Station; cheap at $1,300. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas st. j23

FOR SALE—New two story house, 5 rooms, Frances Avenue, Saanich Road; a bargain at $900; terms to suit. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St. ju20

TO LET—5 roomed house on Frances Avenue Saanich Road; cheap at $8. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St. ju20

PIGS FOR SALE—Apply to W. G. Bowman, 25 Broad street. ju 25-2w

FOR SALE—A half interest in Pierre Block; easy terms; good chance for a merchant who is paying rent. For particulars apply at 100 Douglas street.

TO RENT—With immediate possession, the store now occupied by the undersigned. Apply on the premises. A. B. Gray & Co., Wharf street. 16 ju-tf

PINKING AND STAMPING of all kinds done at reasonable prices at 5 James street, James Bay. june 16-1m

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply E., this office. je9-tf

BUSINESS FOR SALE—Six thousand dollars in cash or security will buy an interest in one of the most successful mercantile enterprises of this city. Apply P.O. box 783, Victoria, B.C. my31-1m

GENTLEMEN TAKE NOTICE—I am getting in a new stock of tweeds and worsteds, and will start in new work, also repairing, cleaning, and altering done on shortest notice. J. McCorkall, 52 Broad street, corner Yates. je5-1m

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anæsthetic. my17-d-w

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN)
Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard, corner of Rae street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

Barque Thermopylæ.
The Captain or owner of the Barque Thermopylæ will not be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above named ship. jy3 3t

To Ship Owners.
The undersigned begs to announce that he has taken the CLYDE SHIP YARD, at Rock Bay, Victoria, and is now prepared for all kinds of work, new or old.
Small orders thankfully received and big ones in proportion.
ORLANDO WARNER.
July 3-1mo.


NOTICE

A Meeting of the Creditors of Munroe Miller will be held in the Duck Building, Broad Street, Thursday, the 6th inst., at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

BUSINESS—To confirm or otherwise deal with the resolution passed at the last meeting.

THOS. T. HULL,
Assignee.
jy3-3t

NOTICE

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as proprietors of the American Hotel, Victoria, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent; and the interest of Robert Dudgeon having been purchased by Robert Greaves, the business of the late firm will henceforth be continued under the firm name of "Brice & Greaves."
Dated this 3rd day of July, 1893.
ROBERT DUDGEON.
HARRY BRICE.
Witness, Geo. Jay jr. j4-2t


# THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;

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By mail to any part of the world, per year..... $10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES.

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1 50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion, the type used for general reading, and placed in reading columns, 25c a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

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THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,

WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager.


# The Daily Times.

## THE CATTLE MYSTERY.

The statement made by Mr. Gardner in the House of Commons leaves little room for hope that Canadian cattle will be removed from the scheduled list this season. That means serious loss to the farmers of eastern Canada, who have been living in the expectation that the troublesome embargo would be lifted in time to benefit them this year. Their cattle export trade is further depressed by the policy followed by the steamship companies, who have raised their rates from Montreal, thus enabling American cattle to be landed more cheaply than Canadian in England. The circumstances surrounding the case of disease spoken of by Mr. Gardner are rather peculiar. Pleuro-pneumonia is a most infectious malady, and would be quite certain to spread in any locality where it broke out. Yet it is positively stated that the district in Manitoba from which the suspected shipment went is entirely free from the disease. For that matter, all Canada is reported free from any trace of pleuro-pneumonia. It is evident, therefore, that unless the Dominion veterinary inspectors have been careless or untruthful the diseased animal found in England could not have gone from Canada. The inspectors cannot be reasonably accused of slighting their work or reporting falsely, and even if they had been guilty in either way the public would soon have been made aware of the fact by the spread of the disease in the infected locality. On the other hand, the disease said to have been found in a Canadian animal is of the same type as prevails in certain districts in the States. It is not at all unreasonable to conclude that either through accident or through design a diseased ox from some United States shipment has been misrepresented to the British Board of Agriculture as a Canadian animal. Both American shippers and English cattle raisers are interested in keeping Canada on the scheduled list, and some of these may have entered into a conspiracy to that end. If the cause of the trouble lies in that direction it should not be difficult to establish the fact. On the other hand, if it is carelessness or crookedness on the part of some of the Canadian officials or shippers the delinquency should be easily traced. In any event, there should be some explanation possible of the mysterious appearance of pleuro-pneumonia in Canadian cattle when they land in England, while the disease is not to be found in Canada.

The mayors of Calgary, Edmonton and Lethbridge went to Ottawa along with Mr. Davis, M. P., for the purpose of stirring up the government to greater efforts in the way of encouraging immigration. This act in itself constituted a grave reflection on the "vigorous" policy supposed to be inaugurated by Mr. Daly, the new minister of the interior; but the gentlemen of the deputation seem to have added greatly to their offence by freely criticising the government's methods while talking with reporters. Mayor Lucas was apparently a special offender in this regard. As a reward they are now getting plenty of abuse from the Conservative organs, which call them grumblers and kickers and charge them with acting in the interests of land speculators. Just so. No breath of profane criticism must be allowed to blow upon the sacred person of a minister, even upon that of the gentleman whom the Winnipeg Free Press once irreverently dubbed "Buttons."

According to a Toronto paper, "it is said that society in Ottawa objects to the operation of a fruit plantation and canning factory by Lord Aberdeen. In some quarters it is still regarded as reprehensible to obtain the products of labor, by any process other than the collection of rents. But in others this most laudable process is regarded as the most open to criticism." This announcement that a portion of Ottawa "society" objects to the new governor-general being charged in "trade" has been received with incredulity in some quarters, but there is really no reason to doubt its correctness. Ottawa is the home of snobbery of the most asinine and offensive order known to the civilized world.

This morning's fire in Victoria West very sharply accentuates the many suggestions made to the city council in regard to the need of some protection from fire in that quarter. Unfortunately it is quite likely that even this lesson will be lost on the city fathers; they would scarcely move if the fire were at the ends of their own noses. Possibly when half the city is burned down and half the people are dead with typhoid fever the questions of fire protection and sanitation will be considered ripe for serious treatment. In the meantime the members of the council can amuse themselves with trifles.

Winnipeg Free Press: Commenting on the advice of the Free Press to take off the brake of protection and allow the Northwest to roll along to prosperity, the Montreal Star adds: "Let the farmer of the Northwest prosper and there will be no lack of immigrants. That's it. Give us trade emancipation and those here will prosper; let those here prosper and the immigrants will come. If we can only get into the hang of it, it will work around in a circle as smoothly as you please."

### Would Not be Killed.

Portland, Or., July 5.—Last Friday night E. C. Bernhardt secured a room at a lodging house, No. 83 1-2 North Second street. On Saturday morning the proprietor tried to get into the room, found the door locked, and went away. Half an hour later he saw Bernhardt go down stairs with his coat collar up, and walking in a stooping position. Suspecting something, Brown went to the room and found the bedclothes saturated with blood and the walls and floor stained. A note on the bureau told that Bernhardt had attempted to kill himself because of despondency. The police were notified, but they could find no trace of the man. It was thought that he had either crawled into some building and died, or jumped into the river, which is only two blocks away. He had evidently lost much blood, and it was thought impossible for him to go any great distance in the weak condition he must have been in. But Bernhardt possessed more vitality than he was given credit for; he walked from Portland to Corvallis, and is now at his home there. A special last night says Bernhardt arrived there yesterday afternoon, saying he traveled the entire distance on foot. He was almost exhausted when he arrived, and was unable to offer any explanation as to his conduct. The physicians do not expect fatal results. It is nine miles to Corvallis, and if Bernhardt walked the distance in the condition he was, he is a most remarkable man. How he could get out of the city and make his way to Corvallis without attracting attention is hard to understand.

### South American Salad.

Buenos Ayres, July 5.—The members of the cabinet have announced to President Saenz Pena that they intend to resign. The president asked the cabinet to delay action a few days and then invited Aristobulo del Valle to organize a new ministry. He declined to do so and the president then appealed to Quintanos to form a cabinet. It is probable that Quintanos will also decline to serve and if he does so President Pena will be forced to resign.

General Saraiva's revolutionary forces in Rio Grande do Sul have been joined by the army under General Luria. The two commanders are preparing to resume active warfare.

Dr. Bauss has declared that he is not a candidate for president of Uruguay.

Caracas, Venezuela, July 5.—General Daniel MacAuley, special agent of the United States treasury, has reached here from Washington to aid Minister Partridge in negotiating with General Crespo's government for the early settlement of the claims of citizens of the United States against Venezuela.

The United States consul has been complimented by the Cleveland administration, which has added Ciudad de Bolivar and Itacama to his consular district.

The government of Costa Rica has made contracts for the construction of two new warships in England.

### Razors in the Air.

Wilmington, Del., July 5.—A riot took place at the railway station near Kirkwood last night, which culminated in the probably fatal shooting of William Benson and the injuring of several others. Thousands of persons were returning from races of the Maple Valley Trotting Association at the kite-shaped track, when a fight arose between George Anderson (colored), and several others, during which razors glistened and brickbats flew. One negro drew a revolver. State Detective McIvey attempted to quell the riot. He was assisted by Sergeants Shields and Bailey of the police force. The policemen were assaulted by the negroes, who drew revolvers and razors and hurled bricks at them. Detective McIvey was wounded by a brick and is in a precarious condition. Two other policemen were injured. Wm. Benson was hit by a bullet and will die. Thomas Lawrey had his skull fractured by a brick. Several others were fearfully slashed with razors. Four negroes were arrested and locked up on the charge of attempt to murder.


### Prepare for Summer Diseases.

If you have Cramps, if you have Colic, if you have Diarrhœa, or if you have any summer complaint—and you are more than likely to suffer in that way before the soft crab season is over—buy a bottle of Perry Davis' Pain Killer, and secure instantaneous relief after one or two doses. In treating severe cases of Cholera, bathe the bowels with Pain Killer. Twenty drops of Mr. Davis' wonderful medicine will cure a child of the worst case of Colic. A bottle of Pain Killer can be bought at any reputable drug store. Price 25 cents, New Big Bottle.

Lincrusta Walton and Lignomur for wall decorating, a perfect imitation of carved wood, at Weller Bros.


## CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

### The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

H. Shorey, head of the well-known Montreal firm of H. Shorey & Co., is dead, aged 70.

Archer Baker, European agent of the C. P. R., was lying at the point of death in London for some days, but is now better.

John Week, cook's mate on the steamship Oregon, has been arrestd at Montreal, charged with attempting to murder William Carr, a seaman, on Thursday night last. Carr is in a critical condition.

The elevator at the C. P. R. station, Emerson, Man., belonging to W. L. Griffith, and containing about 20,000 bushels of wheat, was totally destroyed by fire. The elevator and about 10,000 bushels of the wheat were insured.

The Winnipeg exhibition board of directors have granted a beer license for exhibition week, and the ministers all through the city are up in arms in consequence. They threaten a boycott if the government does not interfere and cancel the license.

Thompson & Co., of Prescott, one of the largest cheese firms in the country, have assigned. During the last fortnight the firm had purchased between $60,000 and $70,000 worth of cheese, and as a result a good many factory men are likely to lose heavily.

Sentence was passed in Montreal upon Courtland Freeman Bridgeman, the ex-Winnipegger who tried to kill his wife last May by shooting her. The sentence was fourteen years in the St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary. Mrs. Bridgeman has recovered and is able to be about as usual.

The clause of the new criminal code which allows an accused man to give evidence in his own behalf was put in operation for the first time in the Toronto police court on Tuesday, in the case of Patrick Gorman, charged with stealing money from a cigar store. The prisoner was sent up for three months.

A terrible explosion occurred lately near the old cemetery of Chicoutimi. A hundred pounds of gunpowder and a dozen pounds of dynamite ignited and caused an explosion which shook the town like an earthquake. Two men named Bilsdean and Herbert were seriously bruised. A number of buildings, public hall, shops and private residences were seriously damaged.

The doors of the Commercial Bank of Manitoba were thrown open again on Tuesday, but not for the purpose of paying or resuming business on the old basis. The liquidators have taken hold and the business of winding up has commenced. The first work is that of receiving payment on outstanding notes and the getting of accounts into shape so that they can be realized upon as soon as possible. Things are in a bad state.

The Quebec government has decided upon several important changes in judicial appointments. The magistrates' court, established in 1888, will be abolished, and Judges Barr and Champagne, who presided over it, will go out of office. The government has also abolished the office of joint registrar of Montreal, which was established under the Mercier government. A number of other changes will be made in the registry system, which it is expected will effect a considerable saving to the province.

A French paper in Montreal published a letter from one of the French-Canadian tourists who accompanied Abbe Morin to the Northwest for the purpose of looking up land there. The letter is dated from Schreiber, at the head of Lake Superior, June 20, and states that 20 Finlanders, working on the line of the Canadian Pacific railway, were killed within 20 miles of Schreiber. A letter from another of the tourists says the Finlanders were working on an excavation, the side of which tumbled in on them.

Chief Post Office Inspector Sweetman returned to Toronto after the capture of Charles Ford, car foreman of the Chicago & Grand Trunk railway at Port Huron, who was arrested in the act of extracting letters from the mail pouches. Mr. Sweetman says he found a memorandum on Ford showing he had continued the thefts for three years and that he had netted $20,000 in that way. When arrested he had nearly 200 letters in the lining of his coat and his pockets sent from Montreal and way places in eastern Canada. Five hundred dollars was also found on him.

A new turn has been given to the discussion of the school system of Quebec province by the action of the Catholic committee of the council of public instruction at its last meeting. Hitherto the postion of the clergy has not been referred to by most of those who demanded reforms, except in a very general way. Hon. L. R. Masson, formerly Lieutenant-Governor, introduced a resolution to provide that no person shall teach in an academy, or model, or elementary school subsidised by the government unless provided with a certificate of capacity. The bishops on the committee were unanimous in opposing it, and with the assistance of two lay members secured its rejection. The unanimity of the clergy against the resolution had the effect of consolidating their attacks. The discussion was revived and spread all over the province. Masson complained to the bishops of the inferiority of the seminaries and Catholic schools for the general practical education of youths not destined for the priesthood, and added, "When we Catholics wish to send our children to Protestant schools they threaten us with censure. It is time the system should cease." Every paper in the province is discussing the question, and sweeping reforms are being demanded."

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 73 Government street.

## MOST FAMOUS AMERICAN BOOK

### How "Uncle Tom's Cabin" Was First Published—Many Translations.

The copyright of "Uncle Tom's Cabin; or, Life Among the Lowly," expired May 23, having been in force forty-two years. The story was first published as a serial in the National Era, an abolitionist paper printed at Washington by Gamaliel Bailey. It ran in weekly parts from June 5, 1851, to April 1, 1852. Its serial publication attracted little attention, says the Buffalo Courier, and Mrs. Stowe was much discouraged and depressed by its cool reception. But when it appeared in book form its success was instant. In eight weeks 100,000 copies were sold in this coutry and 200,000 within the year. In England its sale was even more remarkable. The first edition appeared in May, 1852, and, there being no copyright protection, thirty editions were issued in six months, and sales exceeded 1,000,000 copies in the first year. During the same year translations were made in nine languages. Now that the American copyright has expired there may be in this country a similar multiplication of cheap editions and a revival of the popularity of this American classic. The popularity of its early days has, however, never been wholly lost. The book has always had and will have a steady sale, and the royalties therefrom have given the author a permanent income.

"Uncle Tom's Cabin" has been translated into Armenian, Bohemian, Danish, Dutch, Finnish, French, German, Hungarian, Illyrian, Polish, Portuguese, modern Greek, Russian, Servian, Spanish, Swedish, Wallachian, Welsh, and many other languages, including according to Allibone, Wendish, Arabic, Romaic, and even Chinese and Japanese. Nor does this list represent the extent of the reprodutions of this marvelously popular book, for there are fourteen different editions in German, four in French, three in Hungarian, two in Russian, two in Wallachian, two in Dutch, and so on almost indefinitely. All the known editions have been collected in the British museum, as well as the literature relating to and drawn out by the book, the whole making an "Uncle Tom's" library of remarkable magnitude. There are scores of dramatic versions, some of which have been played in every town in America and Europe and still hold the stage. At the National theatre in New York the play had a continuous run for three years. Allibone attempted to ascertain the circulation the book had gained, but was told that it was impossible to estimate it, though it "amounted to millions." He quotes the Edinburgh Review as authority for the statement that its sale in Great Britain has been ten times that of any other book except the Bible and the prayer-book. These facts fairly entitle "Uncle Tom's Cabin" to be called the most famous American book. It may in fact be doubted whether there is a parallel record in the literature of any land.

Mrs. Stowe is still living at Hartford, Conn., in her eighty-second year. She is in comfortable physical health, but her once brilliant mind has long been a wreck.

### Tying Cravats.

The employees of the fashionable hairdressing shops of Paris are called salonniers, and they not only cut hair in the latter style, but sell linen collars, and at the same time tie the knots of the cravats worn by the purchasers of the collars. This operation is, it appears, a very delicate one, for the artist is expected to make the knot in such a way that it will harmonize with the cut of the collar and with the physiognomy of the person wearing it. Certain rich and fashionable young men take delight in making themselves remarked by their eccentricity; their supreme idea of elegance is not to do anything like the common run of mortals. They adopt expressions among themselves, says a writer in the London Epoch, which frequently find their way with the general public; they decide each year the cut of trousers, the shape of the shoe, the form of the hat, the length of the overcoat—in short, of the whole of the masculine toilet. Now the way the cravat is tied is a very important matter for a gentleman in evening dress. Swells recognize each other by this mark of good taste.

They know, in looking at a necktie, if its wearer is or is not a good customer of such or such a hair-dressing saloon. If the knot is wanting in its distinctive stamp its wearer is regarded as a profane and does not enjoy the familiarity accorded to those who have passed through the hands of a celebrated salonnier. We all know how easily fashions spread and how easily excessive notions are adopted. Young men who would consider that they are compromising themselves in going into a barber shop and who nevertheless wish to appear with their cravats tied in the most approved fashion have the salonniers come to their apartments.

Whenever there is a grand fete these artists get into a cab at 6 o'clock in the evening and begin their rounds. In two hours they can tie the cravats of some twenty fashionable young men, and thus earn from $8 to $10, each knot being paid for at the average price of 50 cents, or nearly half what the cravat is worth. The employer makes two-thirds of the receipts and the assistant the other third.

This facility of earning so much money in a short time prompts the salonniers to work on their own accounts as soon as they obtain the promise of employment from a sufficient number of customers. Then they devote themselves exclusively to tying cravats. They hire a small apartment where they can receive their customers, for a great many fashionable young men prefer to have their cravats tied at the salonnier's, as it costs less than to have him come to their house.


Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

## JAPS TREATMENT OF SEALERS.

### Hunter Pike Denies That He Was Inhumanly Treated.

Henry Pike, a hunter on the schooner Sadie Turpel, addressed a letter to the Japan Advertiser relative to the alleged inhuman treatment of himself and party by the Japanese police. It is as follows:

To the Editor Japan Daily Advertiser: Sir,—In your issue of the 29th ult., under the heading "Alleged Inhuman Conduct of Japanese officials," it is stated, on the authority of Capt. Toussant, that on attempting to land at the port of Yamada, I and my two companions "were met by the police, who with drawn weapons drove them (us) away." This is utterly untrue. Then the narrative goes on to say:—"The half-starved men pushed off and, in the hope of being able to land unobserved, pulled some distance northward along the coast, but they were followed, and a second essay to effect a landing was met in the same way." This means that a second attempt on our part to land was met by the police who with drawn weapons drove us away. This statement also is utterly untrue.

The truth of the matter is that but for the kind treatment we received from the Japanese at the various places we touched at in rowing up along the coast, we should have starved to death. At only one place did the police drive us away, but not with drawn weapons. I do not know on what grounds your informant identified that place with Yamada. I am, Sir, etc., Henry Pike, hunter of the Sadie Turpel.

Hakodate, June 12, 1893.

The editor of the Advertiser adds the following note:—

(We have always borne willing testimony to the humanity and hospitality shown by the Japanese people towards shipwrecked mariners, and the conduct described by Capt. Toussant could only be accounted for on the hypothesis that a patriotic detestation of the supposed illegal practices of the sealers now operating off these coasts, had dulled the humane instincts of Japanese along the northeastern shore. It is not altogether assuring to learn that at one place the police actually drove away these persons, who but for the assistance they received at other points would have "starved to death." Taken with Capt. Toussant's description of what he actually experienced, this seems to show that the police are not quite free from a prejudice, which we shall not be far wrong in attributing to the prevalent notion that the sealers are engaged in an illegal calling. So far as our information goes this is an entirely mistaken idea, but its existence may in some degree explain the attitude of the police toward strangers. Mr. Pike's communication demands as much publicity as the story of Capt. Toussant to which it refers.—Ed. J.D.A.)

### Prayer and Flowers.

Sunday next the members of the Young Men's Institute will hear mass in a body at St. Andrew's Roman Catholic church. The mass will be a requiem mass for the repose of the souls of the two deceased members of the order. In the afternoon the graves of the deceased will be decorated by the members of the order.

### Coal Exports.

The statement of exports from the New Vancouver Coal Company's mines during the year follows:

| June. | Tons. |
|---|---|
| 1—Str. Tacoma, Port Townsend | 23 |
| 1—Str. Montserrat, San Francisco | 1445 |
| 2—Ship Kennebec, San Francisco | 2550 |
| 3—Str. Tyee, Port Townsend | 90 |
| 5—Str. Tyee, Port Townsend | 27 |
| 6—Ship Commodore, San Francisco | 3075 |
| 6—Str. Sea Lion, Port Townsend | 18 |
| 8—Str. Tyee, Port Townsend | 68 |
| 8—Ship Willie Rosenfeld, San Fran. | 3822 |
| 8—Str. Mogul, Port Townsend | 64 |
| 9—Str. Holyoke, Port Townsend | 66 |
| 9—Str. Tacoma, Port Townsend | 41 |
| 9—Str. Romulus, San Diego | 404 |
| 9—Str. Grandholm, San Francisco | 1620 |
| 10—Str. Bawnmore, San Francisco | 2602 |
| 12—Ship Bohemia, San Francisco | 2503 |
| 14—Ship Carrollton, Wilmington | 2432 |
| 15—Str. Mogul, Port Townsend | 46 |
| 15—Str. Holyoke, Port Townsend | 38 |
| 16—Bark Bjorn, San Francisco | 2716 |
| 17—Str. Montserrat, San Francisco | 1436 |
| 17—Str. Tyee, Port Townsend | 27 |
| 18—Ship Tacoma, San Francisco | 2038 |
| 20—Bark Sea King, Wilmington | 2431 |
| 21—Str. Sea Lion, Port Townsend | 67 |
| 21—Str. Hayden Republic, Portland | 173 |
| 22—Ship J B Brown, Dutch Harbor | 2487 |
| 24—Str. Grandholm, San Francisco | 1676 |
| 24—Str. Holyoke, Port Townsend | 44 |
| 27—Ship L J Morse, San Francisco | 2223 |
| 27—Str. Bawnmore, San Francisco | 3020 |
| 29—Ship Jabez Howes, San Francisco | 2000 |
| 30—Str. Holyoke, Port Townsend | 50 |
| 30—Str. Romulus, San Francisco | 4200 |
| Total | 49,241 |

### Salacious French Plays.

Maude Granger played before a large audience at the Victoria theatre last night in "The Fringe of Society." The play is an adaptation from "Le Demi-Monde" of Dumas, and gives, as its title indicates, an insight into the habits and customs of women who live outside the pale of respectable society. Miss Granger, as Mrs. Beauchamp Carew, a clever adventuress, proved herself worthy the title of a "popular emotional actress." Frederic Herzog, as Osmond St. Elmo, made a good friend who extricated an old college "chum" from the fascinating wiles of the widow who never was married. Captain Ronald Stuart, impersonated by Hubert Carter, showed how blind a lover can become. Mrs. Roxana Prattle, Miss Alice Irving, took the part of the erring wife. Miss Van Styke as Marie Ashton, a spotless child in an evil atmosphere, becomes the wife of Osmond St. Elmo, after St. Elmo has cured his friend Stuart of his attachment for the French imitation of Becky Sharp.

### The Circus.

Leon Washburn's circus and menagerie is in the city and will give exhibitions near the Fountain at the junction of Douglas and Government streets. Admission, adults, fifty cents; children, half price.

### Special Notice.

Parties having card plates can have cards printed direct from the plates for $1.50 per hundred; engraved and copper plate supplied together with 100 cards for $2.50.

At the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor. Yates and Government streets.

### Webb-Reid.

Rev. H. A. Webb and Miss M. C. Reid, daughter of Rev. Dr. Reid, were married last evening. The ceremony took place at the home of Thornton Fell, and was conducted by Rev. Dr. Reid, assisted by Rev. John Reid, Jr. The bride was attended by Misses Ruby Fell, Jessie Reid and Francis Smith as bridesmaids and Master Burnie Reid as page. The bridegroom was supported by Rev. David H. Reid.

### The Abduction Case.

Mr. Yates, of Yates & Jay, yesterday afternoon made application before the Chief Justice for a rule nisi to show cause why a writ of habeas corpus should not issue in the case of Rev. A. R. Reams, held in the Provincial jail for extradition. On hearing read the affidavit of Mr. Reams, in which it was stated that evidence favorable to the prisoner was expected from Merced, his Lordship granted the rule, making it returnable July 12th.

### Plans and Sites.

The members of the school board were around town this morning looking at ward school sites. They saw sites in the north ward which they think preferable in many respects to the sites already offered. The best sites in the south ward seem to have all been offered. The board is reported to be in a quandary over plans. There will be seven plans under consideration and the members of the board are not unanimous. There is talk of the appointment of an umpire.

### The Halls Mine Co.

"The Halls Mines, Limited, B. C.," is the name of a company formed in England for the purpose of working the Silvany Bonanza Company. The capital of the company is £300,000, stg., divided into 50,000 seven per cent. shares of £1 each, and 250,000 ordinary shares of £1 each. The following are the directors: Sir Joseph W. Trutch, K.C.M.G., chairman; James Robert Brown, London; J. R. Drake, Sydenham; Rankine Dawson, M. A., M. D., London; Robert Day, high sheriff of Cork; D. H. Gibb, Butesbire; Walter Nelson, Eisenfield, Ayr; Secretary, F. Ramsay. The offices are at 111 Wool Exchange, London, E. C.

### Y. P. U., of Emmanuel Church.

The Young People's Union of the Emmanuel Baptist church, Spring Ridge, held their semi-annual business meeting on Tuesday evening, 4th inst., the following officers being elected for the ensuing term:—Pres., Mrs. Spofford; vice-pres., Mrs. Agnew; sec., G. F. Waites; treas., A. E. Wescott; executive committee, officers elect with the names of Roger McNeill, Dr. McKechnie and Mrs. J. R. Clements added. The reports received from the committees for the past term were full of encouragement for the members of the Union. It is expected that the present term will be a prosperous one for the society.

### The A. O. F. Demonstration.

Strong efforts are being made by the committee of the A.O.F. in New Westminster to render the 22nd of July next a memorable day in the annals of Forestry in British Columbia. A lacrosse match, with a trophy valued at $1000, is one of the principal items of the programme. A band contest, in which the bands of Vancouver, Victoria, New Westminster, Nanaimo and Wellington will contest, will take place after the full programme of sports has been brought to a close. There will be a prize for first and second in the order of merit, and a dance will be a fitting close to a well-spent holiday. Only a limited number of tickets will be sold, at the cost of $1.50.

### Marine.

The steamer City of Topeka sailed for Alaska last evening.

Chief Officer Joseph Metcalfe, R. N., and Dr. Meadows, surgeon of the Empress of China, completed their last voyage on that ship at Vancouver last night. Mr. Metcalfe will return to the navy as sub-lieutenant; Dr. Meadows will enter the ministry, for which he has been preparing for some time.

The steamship Victoria of the Northern Pacific line will arrive here on Tuesday or Wednesday next. She has 100 steerage passengers, Japanese and Chinese, for Victoria; 250 tons of freight will be discharged here. Part of this freight is for transhipment to San Francisco. The Victoria has a general cargo.

The ship Edward O'Brien, which left Victoria for London 213 days ago, and was supposed to be lost in the Atlantic, has again been spoken and a report that she has reached her destination, says the San Francisco Examiner, may be expected at any time. The O'Brien was spoken once before, nearly three months ago, three degrees south of the line in the Atlantic.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

## FIRE AT VICTORIA WEST.

### House and Contents Destroyed Early This Morning.

The fire department received a telephone message at 5.45 this morning that a building on the old Esquimalt road was in flames. Chief Deasy went over at once and found a frame building burning, while the owner was standing alone watching the residence and contents burn to ashes. The place was owned by Thomas Black, who formerly kept a cigar store on Trounce avenue. The origin of the fire is unknown. Black was in bed when the fire started, and said that his wife and child escaped through a window. He did not think about sending for the firemen, and the first intimation received in the fire halls was through a telephone message from A. Watson's house.

The building was insured for $400. The contents carried an insurance of $1,000. This fire is another proof of the necessity for fire protection in Victoria West. A watchman is also needed there to notify the firemen of all fires. Chief Deasy said that the fire this morning was the fourth in that locality within a short period, and in every instance the buildings were destroyed.

## AT THE HYMENEAL ALTAR.

### George L. Courtenay and Miss Leila Wallace Married This Afternoon.

St. John's church was this afternoon the scene of a very pretty wedding. The principals were George L. Courtenay, contracting freight agent for the C. P.R., and Miss Leila Wallace. The church was crowded with the many friends and acquaintances of the couple. Rev. Percival Jenns conducted the ceremony, the bride being given away by her brother-in-law, E. E. Blackwood. The bridesmaids were Miss L. Erb and Miss Marie Gaudin. Allan Cameron and R. Brett supported the bridegroom.

The bride wore a handsome gown of creme faille Francaise, with large puffed sleeves and pearl corsage, and Marie Antoinette fichu of embroidered chiffon. The long train caught from the shoulder was edged with rouleau of silk tied with chiffon rosettes and ornamented with orange blossoms. The bridesmaids wore dainty gowns of white India silk.

After the ceremony the usual wedding festivities were held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Blackwood, Quadra street. Mr. and Mrs. Courtenay received a large number of handsome and costly presents, showing the esteem in which they were held. The bride is a native of Victoria, and like her husband, very popular.

The happy couple will leave by the City of Kingston this evening for California, where they will spend their honeymoon.

### Law Intelligence.

County Court will sit to-morrow at 11 a. m., the Chief Justice presiding.

Accounts were taken to-day before the registrar in the case of Hop Wah vs. Wo Yet.

On the application of Mr. Belyea, made in chambers this forenoon, Mr. Justice Crease ordered the plaintiff in Pamphlett vs. Adams to deliver a statement of claim within four days and pay the costs of the application, otherwise the action to be dismissed. It is over a year since the plaintiff took proceedings against Mr. D. F. Adams for an injunction to restrain him, his workmen and servants, from depositing lumber, sawdust and other rubbish on David street in front of Mr. Pamphlett's residence and for a mandamus to compel him to remove what had already been deposited. On June 4, 1892, the Chief Justice granted an interim injunction in the terms of the application until the trial of the action, and since then no further proceedings have been taken.

The Divisional Court adjourned from 11 a.m. until 2 p.m.

Hull Bros. vs. Schneider et al.—The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Crease sat at 2.30 to hear an appeal from an order made by Mr. Justice Walkem refusing to cancel a lis pendens registered against the real estate of Fritz Schneider. It appears that the plaintiffs brought action against the defendant Marie Schneider for $800 for goods sold and delivered and for a declaration that Fritz Schneider is a trustee for Marie Schneider of certain property in Vancouver and that he be required to deliver up the deeds of the said property to be cancelled as having been obtained fraudulently. As soon as the writ was issued a lis pendens was registered against the lands of Fritz Schneider, although the action was really against his co-defendant. Before the argument proceeded very far it was learned that the Schneiders had left for American soil on May 27th, and that the writ was issued on May 31st. Subsequently an order for substituted service was made by Judge Bole.

The Chief Justice stated that if these were the facts the writ was illegal, as, if the the parties to be served were out of the jurisdiction, leave must first be obtained from a judge for subsequent service, and it was not sufficient to obtain leave after the issuing of the writ. Mr. Bodwell, who acted for principals in Vancouver, immediately communicated with them to ascertain the real facts, but had received no reply up to the time of going to press. Mr. McPhillips appeared for the defendant-appellants.

### Do Not Swear Alike.

The assault case of William T. Hardaker was up in the police court this morning. Mrs. Williams swore that Hardaker kicked her on the legs and struck her with his fist on the arm. Hardaker pleaded that Mrs. Williams was going to point a revolver at him, and that he was acting in self defense. Case reserved for decision.

### Puebla's Passengers.

San Francisco, July 5.—Passengers by the City of Puebla for Victoria: Mrs. J. W. Bunell and two children, Mrs. A. M. Nathens, W. H. Wall and wife, Mrs. H. Green, Miss Gerson, Mrs. Martin, Mrs. Kerg, Mrs. Leonard, F. Benson, Miss Flindezer.

The wines sold by us are pleasing to all and contain nothing injurious. California Wine Company, 55 and 57 Broad street.

Just Arrived

ONE CASE Ladies' Sailor Hats

And

ONE CASE Fancy Goods

D. Spencer, Government Street.

## SHORT LOCALS.

### Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Tenders have been asked for the new hospital at Wellington.

—The Japanese papers announce that the smallpox is prevalent at Urawa.

—Monsignor Satolli and party will not visit Victoria. They are now in San Francisco.

—A strawberry festival will be held on Wednesday evening by the Royal Templars of Temperance.

—The Vancouver and New Westminster lacrosse teams did not go to New Whatcom yesterday.

—In the police court Charlie, west coast Indian, was fined $25 for having liquor in his possession.

—There will be preaching followed by baptism at Calvary Baptist church tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

—Bishop Perrin will hold his second confirmation at St. Mark's church tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

—The stock of Jackson & Mylius' jewelry store was auctioned this afternoon. The prices obtained were poor.

—The Sunday School pupils of St. Mark's will hold their annual summer treat at Oak Bay on St. James' Day.

—There will be a strawberry festival at St. James' church next Tuesday evening. In the concert male singers alone will participate.

—Royal Templars of Temperance, Victory Council No. 6, will install officers this evening. George Sutherland, G.P.C., will officiate.

—Installation of officers of the Young Men's Institute will take place next Monday evening. Delegates to the Grand Council will be appointed.

—The open air practice of the Arion Vocal Club has been postponed until Monday evening. The bleak weather offered no inducement for carrying out the projected practice this evening.

—There will be a picnic and sale of work on Saturday, July 8th, at the home of the Rev. W. J. H. Ellison, Albert Head. Bishop Perrin will be present.

—At this evening's meeting of Court Bannockburn, I.O.F., officers will be nominated and elected for the ensuing year. Every member is requested to be present.

—Rev. J. E. Gardner returned last evening from Seattle, where he has been taking a prominent part in the case of Mrs. Lee Fook Boo. The court has not rendered a decision.

—On Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock the steamer Islander will leave the H.B. Company's wharf for Esquimalt, and give all who go an opportunity of visiting the Royal Arthur.

—M. Quilligan is having part of the second floor of the Johnson building at Government and Yates street fitted up for a school of arms under the name of the Pastime Athletic school, which he will open in about ten days.

—The P. & O. Steamship Co. presented Capt. Burr of H.M.S. Porpoise with a piece of plate in acknowledgment of his services after the loss of the Bokhara. Admiral Sir Edmond Fremantle sanctioned the presentation.

—Chief Deasy had the fire department out for drill last evening. The streets were not in very good condition owing to the rain, but the turn-out was very creditable and the men went through the drill in their usually excellent manner.

—Miss Clara Angel of Victoria and Mr. Arthur E. Ford of San Francisco were married last evening at the manse of the First Presbyterian church by the Rev. Dr. Campbell, the pastor. A few friends of the covenanting parties were present. Mr. and Mrs. Ford will live in Victoria.

### Madame Laird.

Formerly of San Francisco, and more recently of the Conservatory of Music in this city, has decided to open a private studio at her residence, 161 Vancouver street, corner of Pandora avenue, for instruction in vocal music and voice culture. She has accordingly severed her connection with the Conservatory, and intending students may obtain terms and full particulars by calling at or writing to the above address.

Wall paper and room mouldings at Mellor's, Fort street, above Douglas.

Over Ninety Per Cent.

Of the World's Fair Dairy Exhibit Prizes were captured by Canada. It is interesting to note that all first-class Canadian Dairies are equipped with

Eddy's Indurated Fibre Ware

Pails, Tubs, Milk Pans, &c., &c. The Strongest and Cleanest ware ever made for Dairy, Home or Farm use. Sold everywhere.

The E. B. EDDY Co.

MAMMOTH WORKS: HULL, CANADA.

$1.50 PER PAIR

For Farmers, Mechanics and Workingmen

360 PAIRS

English Kip, Hand-Sewed Military Bluchers. Bargains like these are like angels' visits, "Few and far between."

A. B. ERSKINE,

Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

"A Word To the Wives Is Sufficient."

For Rendering Pastry Short or Friable.

COTTOLENE

Is Better than Lard

Because It has none of its disagreeable and indigestible features.

Endorsed by leading food and cooking experts.

Ask your Grocer for it.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE AGENCY.

J. St. Clair Blackett

74 Yates Street,

GENERAL AGENT UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, Etc.

Fire Insurance Written at Lowest Rates. Collections promptly made. City Property a Specialty.

CHOICE ROSES

In bloom Of the Very Best Varieties.

ORDERS TAKEN NOW FOR FALL DELIVERY

A. OHLSON, Oakland Nursery, P O. Box 559. VICTORIA, B. C.

Cut Roses at Oakland Florist, 146 Government St.

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practic experience of over 25 years. mar4

NO. 196

# BY-LAW

**Respecting the Management and Expenditure of the Revenue and Money Belonging to the Corporation**

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the treasurer to pay from time to time the amounts which become necessary for the services mentioned in the statement lettered A in the schedule hereto annexed.

Sec. 2 It shall be lawful for the treasurer to pay from time to time such sums of money as are named as being payable to the representatives of the corporation mentioned in the statement lettered B in the schedule hereto annexed; provided that the sums in each case so paid during the year do not exceed in the aggregate the total sum of money authorised by sub-section 66 of section 104 of the Municipal Act 1892, and by-law No. (176) 1889, 52 or sub-section 67 of section 104 of the same act as amended by section 19 of the Municipal Act Amendment Act 1893 and by by-law No. 193, 1893, as the case may be, and that the auditor has marked his initials against the total amount of the voucher to certify to its correctness.

Sec. 3. It shall be lawful for the treasurer to pay to each officer of the corporation a sum of money not exceeding each month the sum mentioned as allowable to each such officer as per detailed statement lettered C and votes No. 62 to No. 66, both inclusive in the statement lettered J in the schedule hereto annexed; provided that the sum paid for each month's services is not in excess of the monthly sum named in the said statements (unless the Council of the Corporation otherwise authorize) and provided that before making the payment the auditor has marked his initials against the total amount of the voucher to certify to its correctness.

Sec. 4 It shall be lawful to pay such sums of money as may be authorized from time to time by resolution of the Council of the Corporation as are set forth in approved requisitions and for which warrants have been authorized by the council to be issued for the services mentioned in the statements lettered D, E, F, H, and votes No. 38 to 49 both inclusive, votes No. 51 to 55 both inclusive and votes No. 57 and No. 58 in statement lettered G, and votes No. 67 to No. 72 both inclusive in statement lettered J, in the schedule hereto annexed: Provided that before making the payment the auditor has marked his initials against the total amount of the voucher to certify to its correctness and that the council have authorised the payment and that the sums paid and authorised are not in each case in the aggregate in excess of the sum named in the above votes and statements.

Sec. 5. Notwithstanding anything contained in the preceding section of this by-law, it shall be lawful to make the following payments prior to obtaining authority from the council by resolution or by issuance of a warrant.

(a) To any person who has been employed by order of or for the services connected with either vote 17, statement D, or vote 37, statement F, or votes 64, 65, 66 or 72, statement J, and who has been discharged or who has left the employ of the corporation; provided that the chairman of the Standing Committee on Finance has certified to the correctness of the payment on account of IX, the Board of Health, the City Engineer has certified to the correctness of the payment on account of VI, streets, bridges and sidewalks; and the Water Commissioner has certified to the correctness of the payment on account of vote 17, Water Works Expenditure; and that the Auditor has in each case marked his initials against the total amount of the voucher, but the Standing Committee on Finance are to report all such payments to the Council at its first regular meeting thereafter.

Sec. 6 It shall be lawful for the treasurer to pay such sums of money for the services named in votes 50 and 56, statement lettered G, as the Mayor may direct; provided always that the sums paid are not in the aggregate in excess of the sum hereby appropriated by the Council for the service and that the Auditor has marked his initials against the total amount of the voucher to certify to the same.

Sec. 7. All requisitions for authority from the Council to incur a pecuniary liability, or to make an application for or a payment of money, or for the issuance of a warrant to authorise the payment of a sum of money, are first to receive an endorsement from the Auditor that the funds are or will be on hand and are unappropriated and are available to meet the proposed expenditure out of the municipal revenue for the then current year, or out of money obtained under authority of sub-section 104 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892, or out of money obtained by the issue of debentures for the purpose applied for, and are to receive the recommendation of the Mayor, and are to have the approval of at least two of the members of the Standing Committee on Finance by their endorsement thereon before being considered by the Council.

All cheques drawn on a bank for payment of funds belonging to the Corporation are to be signed by the Treasurer and by the Auditor and countersigned by the Mayor of the city before payment.

Sec. 8. All payments made out of the municipal revenue for the current year or out of moneys obtained under authority of the Annual Loan By-Law, 1893, are hereby confirmed.

Sec. 9. The officer styled the Auditor of the Treasurer referred to in this by-law shall mean and include any person acting in either of those capacities by the authority of the Municipal Council for the time being.

Sec. 10. No. 162, the Estimates By-law, 1892, No. 168, the Supplementary Estimates By-Law, 1892, No. 172, the Board of Health Fund By-Law, 1892, No. 179, the Supplementary Estimates By-Law, No. 2, 1892, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 11. The Municipal Revenue By-law, 1892, is hereby amended by repealing the first section thereof, and by striking out in the second and third sections thereof all the words and figures in the first and second lines of each of the said sections down to and including the figures 1893.

Sec. 12. This By-Law may be cited as the "Municipal Revenue By-law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council this 16th day of June, 1893.

Reconsidered adopted and finally passed by the Council this nineteenth day of June, 1893.

(L.S.) ROBERT BRAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE.

**Summary of the estimated Expenditure of the Year ending 31st December, 1893.**

| Statement | Number | SERVICE. | Amount. |
|---|---|---|---|
| A | I. | City Debt | 114,364 18 |
| B | II. | Municipal Council | 5,600 00 |
| C | III. | Civic Salaries | 76,968 00 |
| D | IV. | City Institutions (maintenance) | 37,820 00 |
| E | V. | Buildings and Surveys | 14,450 00 |
| F | VI. | Streets, Bridges and Sidewalks | 20,000 00 |
| G | VII. | Miscellaneous Expenditure | 29,076 50 |
| H | VIII. | Education | 33,300 00 |
| J | IX. | Board of Health | 64,365 00 |
| | | | $395,743 68 |

## SCHEDULE.

**Estimates of Expenditure of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, from 1st January, to 31st December, 1893.**

### I.—CITY DEBT.

| No. of Vote. | Statement A. | Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec 1893. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Interest | $30,080 40 | |
| 2 | Sinking Fund | 33,708 78 | |
| 3 | Brokerage and Exchange | 475 00 | |
| | | | $114,364 18 |

| Statement A.—Service. | | Total. |
|---|---|---|
| **Details.** | | |
| **Vote No. 1.—Interest.** | | |
| Arrears from 1892 | $ 887 50 | |
| 12 months interest on Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1873, payable 1st April and 1st October, $92,500.00 at 7 per cent | 6,475 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Waterworks Loan Amendment Act, 1875, payable 20th May and 20th November, $50,000.00 at 7 per cent | 3,500 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1877, payable 2nd January and 2nd July, $20,000.00 at 8 per cent | 1,600 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1886, payable 1st April and 1st October, $75,000.00 at 5 per cent | 3,750 00 | |
| 12 months interest on $70,000.00 Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1889, payable 1st August, $70,000 at 5 per cent | 3,500 00 | |
| 12 months interest on $60,000.00 Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1889, payable 1st August, $60,000 at 5 per cent | 3,000 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1888, payable 25th February and 25th August, $20,000 at 5 per cent | 1,000 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Corporation Loan By-Law, 1878, payable 20th June and 20th December, $20,000 at 7 per cent | 1,400 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Public Lighting By-Law, 1885, payable 21st April and 21st October, $16,000.00 at 6 per cent | 960 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Drainage By-Law, 1885, payable 1st April and 1st October, $5000 at 6 per cent | 300 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Streets and Bridge Loan By-Law, 1886, payable 1st April and 1st October, $50,000.00 at 5 per cent | 2,500 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Johnson Street Sewer By-Law, 1888, payable 25th February and 25th August, $30,000.00 at 5 per cent | 1,500 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Streets, Bridges and Cemetery Loan By-Law, 1889, payable 28th June, $45,000.00 at 5 per cent | 2,250 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Pleasure Grounds Loan By-Law, 1889, payable 1st August, $25,000.00 at 5 per cent | 1,250 00 | |
| 12 months interest Fire Department By-Law, 1889, payable 1st August, $15,000.00 at 5 per cent | 750 00 | |
| 12 months interest on City Hall Addition Loan By-Law, 1890, payable 18th March, $35,000 at 5 per cent | 1,750 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Cemetery Loan By-Law, 1890, payable 18th March, $12,500.00 at 5 per cent | 625 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Flour Mill Bonus By-Law, 1889, payable 1st January and 1st July, $10,000 at 5 per cent | 500 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1891, payable 26th May and 26th November, £60,000 at 4 per cent, £2,464 at $4.85 per £ | 11,950 40 | |
| 12 months interest on Public Market Site By-Law, 1890, payable 15th June and 15th December, £2,000 at 4½ per cent, £405 at $4.85 per £ | 1,964 25 | |
| 12 months interest on Public Market Building By-Law, 1890, payable 15th June and 15th December, £11,000 at 4½ per cent., £495 at $4.85 per £ | 2,400 75 | |
| 12 months interest on Crematory Loan By-Law, 1890, payable 28th December, $10,000 at 5 per cent | 500 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Agricultural Association By-Law, 1891, payable 23rd June and 23rd December, $25,000 at 5 per cent | 1,250 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Loan under authority of City of Victoria Act, 1892, payable 25th February and 25th August, $182,000 at 5 per cent | 9,100 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Street Loan by Law, 1892, payable 14th April and 14th October, $25,000 at 4½ per cent | 1,125 00 | |
| 12 months interest on Guaranteed Victoria and Sydney Railway Company, payable 1st March and 1st September, £60,000 at 3 per cent £1 800 at $4 85 per £ | 8,730 00 | |
| 6 months interest on the Surface Drains By-Law, 1893, payable 30th November at 4½ per cent | 2,812 50 | |
| Interest under Annual Loan By-Law, 1893 | 2,750 00 | |
| | | 30,080 40 |
| **Vote No. 2.—Sinking Funds.** | | |
| Annual payment on Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1873 | 3,335 00 | |
| " " Waterworks Loan Amendment Act, 1875 | 2,795 00 | |
| " " Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1877 | 610 00 | |
| " " " " 1886 | 1,557 00 | |
| " " " " 1888 | 205 00 | |
| " " $70,000 Waterworks Loan By-Law, 1889 | 1,428 00 | |
| " " $60,000 " " " 1889 | 1,225 00 | |
| " " Corporation Loan By-Law, 1878 | 890 00 | |
| " " Public Lighting By-Law, 1885 | 592 00 | |
| " " Drainage By-Law, 1885 | 188 00 | |
| " " Streets and Bridge Loan By-Law, 1886 | 444 00 | |
| " " Johnson Street Sewer By-Law, 1888 | 398 00 | |
| " " Streets, Bridges and Cemetery Loan By-Law, 1889 | 919 00 | |
| " " Pleasure Grounds Loan By-Law, 1889 | 510 00 | |
| " " Fire Department By-Law, 1889 | 206 00 | |
| " " City Hall Addition Loan By-Law, 1890 | 735 67 | |
| " " Cemetery Loan By-Law, 1890 | 262 75 | |
| " " Flour Mill Bonus By-Law, 1889 | 371 78 | |
| " " Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1890 | 2,459 85 | |
| " " Public Market Site By-Law, 1890 | 398 90 | |
| " " " Building By-Law, 1890 | 487 62 | |
| " " Crematory Loan By-Law, 1890 | 201 11 | |
| " " Agricultural Association Loan By-Law, 1891 | 686 09 | |
| " " City of Victoria Act, 1892 | 4,370 00 | |
| " " Street Loan By-Law, 1892 | 184 00 | |
| Semi-annual payment The Surface Drains By-Law, 1893 | 1,250 50 | |
| Interest to accrue from Investment of Sinking Funds | 6,766 30 | |
| | | 33,708 78 |
| **Vote No. 3.—Brokerage and Exchange.** | | |
| Exchange on drafts for interest remittances | 300 00 | |
| Bank of British North America, paying coupons | 175 00 | |
| | | 475 00 |
| Total | | $114,364 18 |

### II.—MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

| No. of Vote. | Statement B. | Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec. 1893. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4 | The Mayor | $2,000 00 | |
| 4a | The Aldermen | 3,600 00 | |
| | | | $5,600 00 |

### III.—CIVIC SALARIES.

| No. of Vote. | Statement C. | Estimate for service ending 31st Dec. 1893. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5 | Treasurer, City Clerk and Assessor's Offices | 11,720 00 | |
| 6 | Water Works | 4,920 00 | |
| 7 | Public Works | 13,320 00 | |
| 8 | Cemetery | 1,400 00 | |
| 9 | Park | 840 00 | |
| 10 | Police | 23,760 00 | |
| 11 | Fire Department | 13,188 00 | |
| 12 | Library | 780 00 | |
| 13 | Pound | 900 00 | |
| 14 | Home for the Aged and Infirm | 600 00 | |
| 15 | Public Market | 960 00 | |
| 16 | Street Lighting | 4,620 00 | |
| | | | $76,968 00 |

**Statement C.—Service.**

**Details.**

**Vote No. 5.—Treasurer, City Clerk and Assessor's Offices.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Treasurer's Office— | | | |
| Treasurer and Collector | 12 months @ $166 66 | 2,000 00 | |
| Assistant Collector | 12 " 90 00 | 1,080 00 | |
| Auditor | 12 " 125 00 | 1,500 00 | |
| City Clerk's Office— | | | |
| City Clerk and Secretary of Cemetery Board | 12 " 150 00 | 1,800 00 | |
| Clerk of the Police Court | 6 " 60 00 | 360 00 | |
| 1st Clerk | 12 " 45 00 | 540 00 | |
| 2nd Clerk | 12 " 33 33 | 400 00 | |
| Assessor's Office— | | | |
| Assessor, Inspector of Public Buildings and Superintendent of Public Works | 12 " 150 00 | 1,800 00 | |
| Assistant Assessor | 12 " 83 00 | 996 00 | |
| Janitor | 12 " 65 00 | 780 00 | |
| Temporary assistance | | 500 00 | |
| | | | 11,720 00 |

**Vote No. 6.—Water Works.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Foreman | 12 months @ $100 00 | 1,200 00 | |
| Collector of water rates | 12 " 125 00 | 1,500 00 | |
| Assistant Collector of water rates | 12 " 75 00 | 900 00 | |
| Watchman and Caretaker at dam | 12 " 60 00 | 720 00 | |
| Engineer at pump | 12 " 50 00 | 600 00 | |
| | | | 4,920 00 |

**Vote No. 7.—Public Works.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| City Engineer and Surveyor and Water Works Commissioner | 12 months @ 225 00 | $2,700 00 | |
| Assistant Engineer and Surveyor | 12 " 125 00 | 1,500 00 | |
| Clerk | 12 " 90 00 | 1,080 00 | |
| Sanitary Engineer | 12 " 250 00 | 3,000 00 | |
| Engineer rock crusher | 12 " 80 00 | 960 00 | |
| 1 Street Foreman | 12 " 75 00 | 900 00 | |
| 1 Street Foreman | 12 " 75 00 | 900 00 | |
| City Carpenter | 12 " 75 00 | 900 00 | |
| Teamster | 12 " 65 00 | 780 00 | |
| Temporary assistance, Surveyor's office | | 500 00 | |
| | | | $13,220 00 |

**Vote No 8, Cemetery.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Keeper | 12 months @ 75 00 | 900 00 | |
| Extra assistance | | 500 00 | |
| | | | 1,400 00 |

**Vote No. 9.—Park.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Keeper | 12 months @ 70 00 | | 840 00 |

**Vote No. 10.—Police.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Police Magistrate | 12 months @ 200 00 | 2,400 00 | |
| Chief of Police | 12 " 150 00 | 1,800 00 | |
| Sergeant of Police No. 1 | 12 " 100 00 | 1,200 00 | |
| " No. 2 | 12 " 90 00 | 1,080 00 | |
| " No. 3 | 12 " 90 00 | 1,080 00 | |
| 16 Constables | each 12 " 75 00 | 14,400 00 | |
| 1 Constable | 2 " 70 00 | 140 00 | |
| 1 Constable | 10 " 75 00 | 750 00 | |
| 1 Constable | 6 " 65 00 | 390 00 | |
| 1 Constable | 6 " 70 00 | 420 00 | |
| Special Constables | | 100 00 | |
| | | | 23,760 00 |

**Vote No. 11.—Fire Department.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Chief Engineer | 12 months @ 110 00 | 1,320 00 | |
| Assistant Engineer | 12 " 80 00 | 960 00 | |
| Engineer No. 1 | 12 " 80 00 | 960 00 | |
| Engineer No. 2 | 12 " 80 00 | 960 00 | |
| Engineer No. 3 | 12 " 60 00 | 720 00 | |
| Driver No. 1 | 12 " 70 00 | 840 00 | |
| Driver No. 2 | 12 " 70 00 | 840 00 | |
| Driver No. 3 | 12 " 70 00 | 840 00 | |
| Driver No. 4 | 12 " 60 00 | 720 00 | |
| Tillerman | 12 " 60 00 | 720 00 | |
| Electrician | 12 " 10 00 | 120 00 | |
| Foreman No. 1 | 12 " 25 00 | 300 00 | |
| Foreman No. 2 | 12 " 25 00 | 300 00 | |
| Foreman No. 3 | 12 " 25 00 | 300 00 | |
| 18 Firemen | each 12 " 18 00 | 3,888 00 | |
| | | | 13,188 00 |

**Vote No. 12.—Library.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Librarian | 12 months @ 65 00 | | 780 00 |

**Vote No. 13.—Pound.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Pound Keeper | 12 months @ 70 00 | 840 00 | |
| Dog catcher | 4 " 30 00 | 120 00 | |
| | | | 960 00 |

**Vote No. 14.—Home for the Aged and Infirm.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Caretaker | 12 months @ 50 00 | | 600 00 |

**Vote No. 15.—Public Market.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Market Superintendent | 12 months @ 80 00 | | 960 00 |

**Vote No. 16.—Street Lighting.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Engineer | 12 months @ 90 00 | 1,080 00 | |
| Dynamo Tender | 12 " 90 00 | 1,080 00 | |
| Lamp Trimmer No. 1 | 12 " 85 00 | 1,020 00 | |
| Lamp Trimmer No. 2 | 9 " 60 00 | 540 00 | |
| Cleaner | 12 " 10 00 | 120 00 | |
| Superintendent | 12 " 65 00 | 780 00 | |
| | | | 4,620 00 |
| Total | | | 76,968 00 |

### IV.—CITY INSTITUTIONS—MAINTENANCE.

| No. of Vote. | Statement D. | Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 17 | Waterworks | $15,000 00 | |
| 18 | Cemetery | 250 00 | |
| 19 | Pound | 200 00 | |
| 20 | Park | 500 00 | |
| 21 | Police | 5,250 00 | |
| 22 | Fire Department | 6,750 00 | |
| 23 | Library | 220 00 | |
| 24 | Street Lighting | 5,000 00 | |
| 25 | Home for Aged and Infirm | 3,650 00 | |
| 26 | Public Market | 500 00 | |
| 27 | Sewerage | 500 00 | |
| | | | $37,820 00 |

**Statement D.—Service.**

**Details.**

**Vote No. 17.—Water Works.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| For all purposes of maintenance and extension | | $15,000 00 |

**Vote No. 18.—Cemetery.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| For all purposes | | 250 00 |

**Vote No. 19.—Pound.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| For all purposes | | 200 00 |

**Vote No. 20.—Parks.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| For all purposes | | 500 00 |

**Vote No. 21.—Police.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Clothing | 1,000 00 | |
| Keep of Prisoners | 3,000 00 | |
| Inquest, Funerals and Lunatics | 750 00 | |
| Hacks and Express | 150 00 | |
| Interpreter | 100 00 | |
| Sundries | 250 00 | |
| | | 5,250 00 |

**Vote No. 22.—Fire Department.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Feed for Horses | 1,400 00 | |
| Repairs | 475 00 | |
| Fuel | 450 00 | |
| Horse Shoeing | 300 00 | |
| Hardware, Oil, Merchandise, etc | 800 00 | |
| Medical Attendance, Horses | 50 00 | |
| Fire Alarm Service | 900 00 | |
| 1000 Feet Hose and Couplings, complete | 1,000 00 | |
| Furniture, Bedding, etc | 200 00 | |
| Harness, Clothing, etc | 150 00 | |
| Supplies for chemical | 300 00 | |
| Hydrants, Rent, and Repairs | 400 00 | |
| Horses | 500 00 | |
| Freight and Duty | 75 00 | |
| Sundries | 150 00 | |
| | | 6,750 00 |

**Vote No. 23.—Library.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| For all purposes | | 220 00 |

**Vote No. 24.—Street Lighting.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| For all purposes | | 5,000 00 |

**Vote No. 25.—Home for the Aged and Infirm.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Rent, Collinson street. Furniture, Ross Bay House | 1,200 00 | |
| Provisions | 1,500 00 | |
| Clothing | 250 00 | |
| Fuel | 300 00 | |
| Washing | 300 00 | |
| Sundries | 200 00 | |
| | | 3,650 00 |

**Vote No. 26.—Public Market.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| For all purposes | | 500 00 |

**Vote No. 27.—Sewerage.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| For all purposes | | 500 00 |
| Total | | 37,820 00 |

### V.—BUILDINGS AND SURVEYS.

| No. of Vote. | Statement E. | Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec. 1893. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 28 | City Hall Repairs | $2,000 00 | |
| 29 | City Market Property | 1,500 00 | |
| 30 | Fire Department Buildings | 300 00 | |
| 31 | Electric Light Buildings | 250 00 | |
| 32 | Furniture, all Buildings | 500 00 | |
| 33 | Defining Streets and City Boundaries | 2,300 00 | |
| 34 | Naming Streets | 1,000 00 | |
| 35 | City Hall Addition | 6,300 00 | |
| 36 | Ross Bay House, repairs to buildings and fencing grounds | 1,600 00 | |
| | | | $14,450 00 |

### VI.—STREETS, BRIDGES AND SIDEWALKS.

| No. of Vote. | Statement F. | Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec. 1893. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 37 | For all purposes | $20,000 00 | $20,000 00 |

### VII.—MISCELLANEOUS EXPENDITURE.

| No. of Vote. | Statement G. | Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec. 1893. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 38 | Election Expenses | $1,000 00 | |
| 39 | Advertising and Printing | 5,000 00 | |
| 40 | Stationery | 1,000 00 | |
| 41 | Postage | 500 00 | |
| 42 | Telegrams, and District Messengers | 150 00 | |
| 43 | Telephone Service | 1,300 00 | |
| 44 | Fuel and Light | 3,000 00 | |
| 45 | Carriage and Express Hire | 500 00 | |
| 46 | Fire Insurance | 1,250 00 | |
| 47 | Legal Adviser's Annual Retainer | 500 00 | |
| 48 | Legal Expenses | 2,500 00 | |
| 49 | Refunds | 500 00 | |
| 50 | Charitable Aid Fund | 1,000 00 | |
| 51 | Fund to Aid Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital | 2,000 00 | |
| 52 | Celebration of the Queen's Birthday | 1,000 00 | |
| 53 | Preliminary Expenses, Local Improvement By-Law | 250 00 | |
| 54 | Victoria City Official Map Act | 176 50 | |
| 55 | Commission on Revenue Collections | 1,600 00 | |
| 56 | Secret Service Fund | 250 00 | |
| 57 | British Columbia Agricultural Association, grant in aid of an exhibition to be held in 1893, at or adjoining to the city | 3,000 00 | |
| 58 | Miscellaneous, not detailed | 2,000 00 | |
| | | | $29,076 |

### VIII.—EDUCATION.

| No. of Vote. | Statement H. | Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec. 1893. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 59 | Amount Payable to Provincial Government, to 30 June, 1893 | $ 7,300 00 | |
| 60 | " " Board of School Trustees | 10,000 00 | |
| 61 | Teachers' Salaries, 1st July to 31st December, 1893 | 16,000 00 | |
| | | | $33,300 00 |

### IX.—BOARD OF HEALTH.

| No. of Vote. | Statement J. | Estimate for Service ending 31st Dec. 1893. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | **Details.** | | |
| 62 | Medical Health Officer ... 5 months @ 60 00 | $ 300 00 | |
| 63 | Sanitary Inspector ... 7 " 100 00 | 700 00 | |
| 64 | Caretaker Ross Bay Suspect Station ... 12 " 90 00 | 1,080 00 | |
| " | " " " " ... 3 " 20 00 | 60 00 | |
| 65 | " Johnston House, Ross Bay ... 12 " 30 00 | 360 00 | |
| 66 | " Jubilee Station ... 3 " 25 00 | 75 00 | |
| " | " " " " ... 9 " 45 00 | 405 00 | |
| 67 | T. F. Sinclair, contract for removal of garbage | 8,400 00 | |
| 68 | Darcy Island station for lepers | 1,000 00 | |
| 69 | Subdivision 54 and 55 of Section XXV, Vic. District | 9,350 00 | |
| 70 | Isolation hospital buildings and fencing | 16,500 00 | |
| 71 | Sanitary office | 850 00 | |
| 72 | For all other purposes | 20,000 00 | |
| | | | $64,365 00 |


THE PROVIDENT SAVINGS LIFE

ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

ISSUES ALL THE LATEST AND MOST EQUITABLE FORMS OF INSURANCE OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

New Business for 1892, - - - - - - $19,517,516.00

Insurance in force Dec. 31, 1892, - - - - 76,843,241.00

S. H. MATSON,

Manager for the Province of B. C. OFFICE: 13 Trounce Ave. (Page & Winnett.)

NAKUSP

SLOCAN MINES

The Eldorado of British Columbia

All the ore output now assured to Nakusp by the immediate construction of the NAKUSP & SLOCAN RAILWAY, which will start at Nakusp and end at the Forks of Carpenter Creek, directly in the centre of the Slocan Mines.

No Other Route can Possibly Compete

Thirty-five miles of Railway from Nakusp will tap the whole of the Mines of the Slocan District, and the ores are bound to come out BY THE NATURAL GATEWAY, VIA NAKUSP, to the general welfare and prosperity of the Province.

Look at the Map.

A Provincial Railway Charter and subsidy and a Dominion Railway Charter have been obtained for the Nakusp & Slocan Railway, and the Canadian Pacific Co. have entered into an agreement to lease and operate the Railway for 25 years. There can be no doubt as to the importance of NAKUSP, the Gateway of the Slocan Country, either from the North or South, and the principal shipping and distributing point for all the district tributary to Slocan Lake.

Concentrators and Samplers

Now in contemplation, consequent on the definite settlement of the Railway question. The Nakusp & Slocan Railway will be built with a rush right into the heart of the Mines. See Wardner's and other experts' estimates of the production of Slocan Mines in the press. All this now assured is directly tributary to the Nakusp & Slocan Railway.

RAND BROS.,

General Agents, Vancouver, B.C.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,

Agents, VICTORIA.

REDUCED! 50 doz. REGATTA & PRINT SHIRTS Reduced to 75c each

B. WILLIAMS & CO., 97 Johnson Street.

## KOOTENAY MINES.

### More Gratifying Discoveries—The Horsefly Claim.

(The Miner.)

Major Barnes, U. S. customs officer at the boundary line, Kootenay river, has resigned in favor of a good Democrat.

E. S. Topping has recently received an assay on ore sent from the Mountain View at a depth of five feet, which shows $75 in gold and 18 ounces in silver to the ton.

E. Mahon of Vancouver has received returns from the Tacoma Smelting and Refining Company for fifteen tons of ore from the Vancouver claim on Four Mile Creek in the Slocan district. According to these returns the ore averages 233 ounces of silver to the ton and 46 per cent. lead.

The Elkhorn, of Boundary Creek, bids fair to become a great mine. Assays recently made show 396 2-10 ounces of silver and $10 gold per ton; 214 8-10 ounces silver, $6.30 gold; 213 8-10 ounces silver, $6.30 gold. Six men are employed, and there are now twenty tons of this grade of ore on the dump. The vein is constantly showing an improvement.

Bob Yuill has just discovered that he is the owner of a valuable mining property in the Slocan. A year ago he purchased a property located by his brother, J. E. Yuill, about six miles up the south fork of the Kaslo Creek and ten miles from Kaslo City. Recent development work has disclosed a ledge about ten feet wide, with considerable iron in the croppings. A second ledge of smaller dimensions was also encountered. A few years ago Bob figures the find would have been worth $50,000.

The Horsefly placer claim in Cariboo has been acquired by a wealthy syndicate, at the head of which are reported to be several members of the Canadian Pacific railway directorate. They are going in for hydraulic mining on a larger scale than has ever before been attempted in British Columbia, and will spare no expense to ensure the success of their venture. The company have placed an order with D. McGillivray & Co., of Vancouver, for 500 tons of 30-inch steel pipes at a cost of $100,000. These pipes will be shipped to Ashcroft and thence conveyed in waggons 150 miles to Horsefly Creek, which yielded an immense quantity of gold in the early days.

### Mission City News.

Last Monday three salmon were caught in the Fraser river that weighed 57, 47, and 37 pounds respectively.

A ledge of white quartz has been discovered back of the townsite of Mission City, about three feet wide, by Lane, Elliot & Wright. As soon as they go a little deeper with their nicket workings they will proceed with the development of the white quartz.

The discovery of a nickel mine a few miles east of Mission City is now an established fact. Several tests have been made that have proved very satisfactory, but more capital is needed to develop it. Samples of the ore have been brought into town for months past, and each additional evidence ascertains more definitely the quality and quantity of the precious metal in these mines. It assays easily about $18 to the ton of nickel, with a reasonable quantity of silver and gold.

### General Dispatches.

Berlin, July 4.—Emperor William yesterday granted an audience to von Koschielski, the leader of the Polish party. His majesty learned from the Polish leader that his party demanded in return for its support of the army bill certain concessions in regard to national schools. The Emperor readily fell in with the views and von Koschielski was summoned by Dr. Bosse, minister of instruction, who was directed by the Emperor to prepare a scheme that would satisfy the Poles.

London, July 4.—In the House of Lords to-day, the Earl of Roseberry, secretary of state for foreign affairs, said in reply to an interpellation that the evidence obtained from impartial officials showed beyond doubt that the trial of the Armenians in Angora, for sedition, had been conducted unfairly. The British government had therefore made strong representations at Constantinople concerning the capital sentences passed on the 19 prisoners. The case of Prof. Kuyayan, and Prof. Thomasaian, of the Armenian college in Marsovan had been made the subject of an especially strong protest. Consequently, although the court of cassation had confirmed the sentences, both had been pardoned and sent from the country. The government would spare no exertion to obtain justice for the other 17.

## NEARLY AS BIG AS EUROPE.

### The Sahara Desert, Which May Yet be Spanned by a Railroad.

We have but to look upon the map to see how large a space on the earth's surface this mighty desert takes to itself, says Henry M. Field in the New York Evangelist. It covers more square miles than the whole of the Mediterranean. If it were transported across that sea it would extinguish Europe, for it has been computed that if you leave out Scandinavia it would nearly cover the whole of it. If it were only sunk in the sea the waves would roll over it and it would be remembered no more forever. But it insists on keeping its head above water and above ground, crowding out fertile portions above earth, with its barrenness renders it unfit for human habitation. There it lies on the face of Africa, a huge black spot, deserted by man, as it seems to be accursed by God. No man passes by it or willingly puts his foot thereon. Even the lonely caravan that skims it like a bird leaves no track behind it any more than the bird in the air or the ship in the sea. It passes and is gone, leaving not a trace of life in man or beast, or bird, or any living thing. So far as we can see the desert is an utterly worthless spot of the globe. With such an incubus covering fully half of Northern Africa, there would seem to be little hope of making anything out of it, since the cause which renders its condition so hopeless cannot be removed. You cannot abolish the desert any more than you can abolish the sea. There it is, and there it will remain forever. Yes, but you can get over the sea in ships, or under it by telegraph, so that it is no longer a bar to the intercourse of nations. Is there any way of taming the desert or subduing it so that it shall no longer be a barrier to the progress of civilization? This is the most important question to be settled as bearing upon the future of Africa.

Of course, if it were left to the native inhabitants, all things would continue as they were from the beginning of creation. Nor has Europe at large any interest in it. But there is one European power that has an interest in it. France has large possessions on this side of the Mediterranean. Algeria and Tunis together make a country as large as one of the kingdoms of Europe, which France has the ambition to enlarge still further, so as to have a great African empire, as England has her Indian empire. As part of the materials for this she has another great dependency in Senegambia, on the western coast, a country covering 400,000 square miles. If this could in any way be united to Algeria, if the two could be consolidated, the new "empire" would at once assume vast proportions. But the desert blocks the way. It splits the proposed empire like a wedge. It cannot be removed, but is there not some way in which it can be converted into a keystone for the mighty arch that is to span the continent from the Mediterranean to the Atlantic? This is the problem which has long exercised the minds of French statesmen, and which they in turn have referred to their engineers, who are among the best in the world, with what result may be briefly indicated.

First of all, they have shown that it is possible to convert portions of the desert into oases by the sinking of artesian wells. A hundred and forty miles south of Biskra is the oasis of Tuggurt, which has long supported thousands of Arabs, with their flocks and herds, but which was nearly destroyed some years since by the wells becoming so choked up as no longer to furnish a supply of water. Vegetation withered until the wretched people, stripped of what was to them the very water of life, and too ignorant to be able to renew the supply, were in despair, and began to leave the country. Then the French engineers took the matter in hand, and, instead of trying to clear out the old wells, commenced boring the solid earth, and in five weeks struck water to such a god purpose that a river rushed forth that yielded double the quantity furnished by the great wells of Grenelle at Paris. To the Arabs it seemed like a miracle, and they began to sing and dance in the wildest manner to express their joy. The miracle was one that can be wrought wherever men are willing to take the labor or to bear the expense. Of course, to accomplish a large result, in the way of pasturage or agriculture, it would have to be repeated on a tremendous scale.

But for the purpose of uniting the two vast territories of Algeria and Senegambia, the first necessity is that of direct communication, which can only be by railroad across the desert of Sahara. Is this within the bounds of possibility? Nobody's opinion is of any value except that of an engineer, and that I have tried to obtain. In Algiers the American consul took me to see Mr. Broussais, who had made a special study of the subject and taken long journeys into the desert to survey the field of battle. He did not conceal from himself the enormous difficulties of travelling 1500 miles with the want of water, the want of wood for railroad ties, the want of everything. He looked in the face the possibility of those sand storms which might bury a railroad train, as they have buried a thousand caravans. All this he had taken into consideration, and, yet, looking all obstacles and dangers in the face, he did not hesitate to assure me that in his judgment a railroad across the desert of Sahara was quite within the resources of modern engineering. Put were the dream already fulfilled, the desert crossed and the tide of travel in full course, the whole African problem would not be solved. This would be one step toward it. It would pierce Africa at a vital point. It would overcome the greatest difficulty in her geography. It would touch regions otherwise inaccessible. It would take the Soudan in the rear. It would make a direct connection with the western coast, to take the place of the long ocean voyage.

## HOW CAN THEY DO IT?

### Sending Food Free!

The question has often been asked: "How can the manufacturers of Lactated Food afford to send free to mothers so much of their food?" This is done for two purposes; first, to prove their great faith in their own goods; and, secondly, to enable mothers to thoroughly test it before adopting it permanently. We are informed by the proprietors of Lactated Food that they prefer sending the full-sized package as a sample, because it enables mothers to judge more correctly of the merits of this grand food. We can assure all mothers in Canada who have not had a chance to try Lactated Food that they will receive a tin if they send their full address to the Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal, P. Q. Since the warm weather has set in the demand for Lactated Food has been enormous. It seems to be the only reliable food now on the market for weak and delicate babies. Thousand of young lives have been saved by it, and sick babies have been made strong, hearty and happy by its daily use.

### How to Get "Sunlight" Picture

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why Does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Mason's patent reliable Fruit Jars and Jellies in all sizes at Weiler Bros.

### The Dangerous Nutmeg.

Cases are not infrequently reported in which children, and sometimes grown persons, are poisoned by the free use of nutmegs, it not being generally known that this article of common household use is really a deadly poison. This is true, in fact, of the most common condiments; but when misused these articles, such as pepper, capsicum, etc., are so obnoxious to the taste, except when taken in the very minutest quantities, that the consumer is warned in a very positive manner before he has had an opportunity to do himself a very serious injury. This is not the case, however, with the nutmeg. This nut, which contains a poisonous principle of a very deadly character, may be consumed without inconvenience in quantities sufficient to produce fatal results; and it is surprising, not that death occasionally occurs from its use, but that deaths are not more frequent. A fatal case has been recently reported in which a boy of eight years fell into a comatose condition after eating two nutmegs, and died within twelve hours.

### PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—E H McHenry, J F Douglas, W E Brown, G S Nicholson, Mrs A Cody, W F Berton and wife, F Harkins, D W J Harkins and son, H M Mason, Dal Dong Chun, H Schwartz, L Walker, J L Phillips, M Duffy, H Donnelson, A McArthur, W Elliott, Mrs Morrow, G H Walker, Mrs R E Houghton, P Hamilton, J E Catis and wife, L H Coldwell, A Bole, P Bole, A Y Harris and wife, J B Reinstein and wife, F English, J Murphy, R Thompson, M Fagan, A E Leonard, T Robinson and wife, H Cramp, Mrs E H McHenry, Miss McHenry, Mrs Haught, Mrs A M Berry, F P Haskell and wife and son, W Babcock and wife, Mrs Elsner, Miss Coleman, W Barton, P Denley, R L Niear, D Gillis, S Baxter, Mrs Peterson, E Wilson, Mrs J Roberts, Mrs Houghton, G W Brown, J Gibbs, D J McKim, W E George, P Greer, W H How, T L Hampton, Mrs Landlor, C Nash, H Bolton, A Cameron, Miss Tuell, H Davies, P Swanson, M M Peri, J E Gardner, T Schuman, C Dillman, T Schoof, Mrs Nicke, Maude Granger, Miss Bengere, Miss Irving, Miss Allen, Miss Wyeth, J Herzog, W J Caulfield, H Carke, A M Calloe, and P Darton.

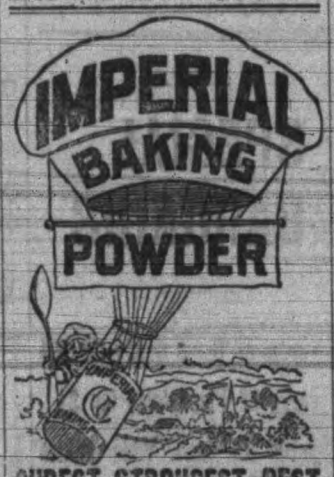
Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—Miss Swan, Miss Spring, H Sweet, R Tucker, F Gendry, Miss Hall, H H Baker, Major Dupont, K K Pelser and wife, F G Jones and wife, A J Welch, J B Gillen, G M Mashable, Mrs Hall, F Nicholson, J A Thompson, C Smith, J M McDonald, Geo Knowles, J Evans, L A McQuade, Miss Harrison, W Selling, Dr Powell, J Nerin, W Cochland, R J Mogford, J E Scarlett, Mrs H M McGregor, W J Sprague, A A Davidson and wife, R T Hume, Miss Scarlett, G L Courtenay, R H McMillan, J GilpinA E Shannon, Mrs Hunter, Miss Bodwell, Miss Hart, J Springer, Mrs J Parmiter, C Hunter, Thos Bradbury, F Foster, J O Johnson, Geo H Redmond, Jos Kennell, F Hales, J R McLeod, R Collister, Florence Noble, C Teller, J D Robinson and wife.

### CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—D H Ross & Co, Canada Paint Co, E G Prior, Standard Oil Co, Miss Mary Clute, N E T & L Co, Weller Bros, Sayward M & T Co, Victoria Transfer Co, T R Hopkins, S Beake, C T Eastman, and Union Ice Co.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—Thorpe & Co, N Store Keeper, T T Englehardt, C Strouss & Co, D Spencer, F & Co, J H T, H S, S Leiser, Merchants' Bank, Wilson Bros, Cavin Bros, Marvin & Tilton, Lenz & Leiser, R P Rithet, J M Jones, I E Cran, W & J Wilson, H J Brady, H B Co, H S Fairall, R T Williams, G L Simpson, T Clay, I A Cohen, W J Austin, A P Turner, R S Dun, Johns Bros, A Barker, Pell & Co, J Johnson, R L Kerr, Geo Sangster, Cowan & Wilson, A Holmes, E G Prior, E B Marvin, A J Rowbotham, Ramsay Bros, J C Macfure, J M Brownlee, T G Burns, Miss M Cates, P McQuade, R Hall & Co, C Wilson, W L Stevens, Dom Ex Co.

"I'm so nervous"—before taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. "I'm so well"—after taking Hood's. Moral—"Be sure to get Hood's."




PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime.

We beg to inform Victorians that we have removed from 27 Fort Street to our new and spacious premises 37 FORT ST., 5 doors above our old stand, where you can find the

ONLY OPTICIANS

Of British Columbia, who have the knowledge, skill and experience to thoroughly test your eyes and fit you with proper glasses.

Who make a specialty of grinding compli cated glasses and repairs of all kinds.

Who have the most complete stock of Spectacles, Eye Glasses and Optical Instruments in Canada.

Note the change of Address:

F. W. Nolte & Co.,
(Successors to Hyam)
37 FORT STREET.

### Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned, Carl Strouss and Emanuel Bloomingdale, doing business on Wharf street, in the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name and style of "C. Strouss & Co.," was this day dissolved by mutual consent, and all persons indebted to us are authorized and directed to pay the amount of their accounts to Emanuel Bloomingdale, to whom they have been assigned, and who will carry on the business at the old stand and under the old name.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 22nd day of June, A. D. 1893.

(Signed) CARL STROUSS.
(Signed) EMANUEL BLOOMINGDALE.
Witness, (Sgd.) Francis B. Gregory.
23-1m-d&w

# COAL

## The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
House and Steam Coal, are mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent

## The Victoria Lithograph Co.,

(LIMITED)

CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS, UPSTAIRS,

Is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as

Maps, Checks, Drafts,
Bill Heads, Letter Heads,
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Wedding & Visiting Cards,
Etc., Etc.

VISITING CARDS printed from Copper plates and stone.

PORTRAITS enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art.

Orders left at the TIMES Office or with the Manager will be promptly attended to

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

## The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

## Real Estate.

1 House, full sized lot, fenced, close to tram; only $850; cash $150; balance on easy terms at 8 per cent.; cheap.
1 House and Lot, Craigflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 8 per cent., easy terms.
½ acre Blocks, $250; 1 acre Blocks at $500; easy terms.
50 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $30 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
100 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 dog, chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $3000 good terms.
99 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,800.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
63 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $200 per acre; improvements $4,000; good terms.
Kaslo lots, in good position, cheap.
Several good Houses to Rent.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MIL.
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general out look and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B.C.
(Mention this paper.)

DUCK LUNG.
Groceries and Provisions

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE & INTELLIGENCE BUREAU.
Contractor for Chinese labor at short notice.
42 Fisgard Street, Victoria.
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FROM LIVERPOOL

The Br. Bk. "Archer,"

780 tons register,

Is now on the berth FOR VICTORIA, and will sail on 10th July next. For freight and all other information apply to

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.
m19-tf

E. E. WELCH,
Accountan and General Collector.

Books posted and balanced. Incomes collected. Offices: 10 and 11 Bank of B. C. Building Government St. m-al-3m

## MINE IMPROVEMENTS.

**Work at Nanaimo—Independence Day—The Search for Kennedy.**

Nanaimo, July 5.—A fire broke out in A. Dunlap's house on Nicol street yesterday morning. The fire bell in that vicinity was promptly rung, but no response was given by the fire boys. The ringing of the bell was mistaken for the bell of one of the engines of the New Vancouver Coal Co. Fortunately a few buckets of water did all that was required.

There will be no work for the rest of the week in the Esplanade shaft, as it is receiving a general overhauling and matters are being arranged preparatory to an increase of the output from this mine, which is growing to enormous dimensions. New receiving rods are being carried from top to bottom of the shaft to avoid such an accident as nearly occurred a few days ago.

Independence Day was observed by all American residents yesterday. The ships in the harbor were bedecked with flags and bunting, and nearly all those who possessed a flag saw it hoisted their colors. At night one prominent resident, Mr. Mason, let off an abundance of fireworks, much to the delight of a large concourse of spectators.

The Wellingtons and Nanaimo Rangers meet on Saturday next to play off the draw from the Association match on Saturday last. It is to be hoped an impartial referee will be chosen this time. The junior Rangers claim they scored four goals to the Wellington team's two, but that they were not given them.

The Royal Hotel has again changed hands. Mr. Otto Wolf retires, and the business will be carried on by Mr. J. Guffio.

Superintendent Hussey left this morning on the Joan for Comox, where he will assume command of the search party on the steamer Estelle. It is only a matter of days now when Kennedy will be taken, dead or alive.

## DIFFERENT PLANS.

**Peculiar Revelation in Court—Death of a Mill Hand.**

Vancouver, July 5.—The waterworks are expected to be repaired by 7 p.m.

Among the passengers by the Empress of China were several Japanese bound for Italy to continue their studies in artillery practice.

The celebration committee has a surplus of $191.

In the county court yesterday it was given in testimony that working plans on the postoffice here are not the same as those in the Lands and Works Department of Ottawa.

Ole Johnson was drawn into the machinery at the Royal City Mills yesterday and killed.

Harry Lee was fined $10 for selling liquor without a license at Brockton Point.

## HAND CAR VICTIMS.

**Serious Accident on the C. P. R. at Schreiber.**

Ottawa, July 5.—A story reached here last night that 20 men were killed on the Canadian Pacific railway at Schreiber. Word was received here from a medical officer of the Canadian Pacific that no one was killed, but that a ballast train struck a hand car on which ten men had been riding. Some were badly injured, but all are expected to recover.

Hon. Mr. Bowell, acting premier, says that the cabinet has not so far discussed the vacancies for Governors for the Northwest and Manitoba.

## SALVATION STATISTICS.

**The Booths Never Made a Cent Out of Their Army.**

New Westminster, July 5.—Tilmon Herring, who threatened to shoot Billy, an Indian policeman, in a boat on the river the other day, was fined $25 this morning and bound over to keep the peace.

Mr. Booth of the Salvation Army, in his remarks last night to a very large audience in the opera house, said there are 5293 self-supporting societies of the Salvation Army, 32 weekly papers, six monthly magazines, 63 universities, 28 homes of rest, working in 25 countries; the officers know 240 languages, and out of 12,000 officers, half of them are doing service abroad. He emphatically denied that the Booth family ever made a cent out of the Army.

## EXPORTS TO THE STATES.

**What Vancouver Island Has Sent to the States During the Past Year.**

The following are the exports from Vancouver Island to the United States for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1893, as shown by the books of the United States consulate:

| | |
|---|---|
| Animals | $ 3,377 50 |
| Barley | 2,062 50 |
| Bones | 540 00 |
| Books | 210 00 |
| Canned Salmon | 1,352 50 |
| Cigars | 336 25 |
| Coal | 2,184,495 65 |
| Cocoanut Extract | 535 50 |
| Dry Goods | 1,685 05 |
| Firearms | 417 00 |
| Fish | 2,457 50 |
| Fish-Oil | 478 90 |
| Furs, Skins and Hides | 138,308 90 |
| Gold-dust, nuggets, etc. | 300,681 29 |
| Indian Curios | 1,759 65 |
| Iron, manufacturers of | 1,770 05 |
| Junk | 970 00 |
| Jewelers' Sweepings | 443 50 |
| Liquor | 10,784 48 |
| Oat bran | 541 75 |
| Returned American Goods | 34,916 64 |
| Logs | 1,200 00 |
| Lumber | 1,787 45 |
| Miscellaneous Products | 3,317 84 |
| Rice | 5,560 50 |
| Seeds | 153 37 |
| Slate | 376 00 |
| Sugar (Chinese) | 4,827 50 |
| Tea | 827 50 |
| Tin-plate | 482 50 |
| Total | $2,710,198 17 |

**Washburn's Circus.**

The admission to Washburn's circus is only 50 cents for adults and 25 cents for children, which is about half the usual tariff for a first-class circus. The show grounds are at the Fountain, a point of easy access from the city. The performance begins at 8 o'clock this evening.

**A Pleasant Social Affair.**

The "strawberry and cream" festival at the Centennial Methodist church will be well attended. The ladies have arranged for a good supply of berries and the other necessaries. The concert to be given during the evening will be another attraction. Ben. J. Hall has been chosen chairman, and among those who will assist in the entertainment are Miss Humber, Miss Anderson, Mr. Wickens, Miss Grant, the Misses Tranter, and Mrs. DeVille. Miss Morris will be accompanist and Rev. S. Cleaver will deliver an address.

## CANADIAN CATTLE.

**Official Declaration That the Disease is Contagious Pleuro Pneumonia.**

London, July 5.—President Gardner in the course of his reply to Sir John Kinloch, in the House of Commons last night, giving his final decision respecting Canadian cattle and against the removal of the schedule said: "With much regret I have to announce that careful microscopic examination of the lungs of the suspected animals which arrived on the steamship Lake Winnipeg, confirmed the conclusions already arrived at by the boards of veterinary advisors, who entertained no doubt that the disease was contagious pleuro-pneumonia. The morbid appearance which the lungs exhibited to the naked eye displayed some deviations from the usual symptoms in home-bred animals but these deviations were much less apparent under the microscope. The history of the disease in North America shows clearly that it is as contagious as in Europe." President Gardner said that he had therefore come to the conclusion that there was no alternative for the present but to maintain the compulsory slaughter of Canadian beasts at the port of London. In reply to further inquiry Mr. Gardner promised to consider the question of laying the report of the veterinary department on the table of the house. It is generally feared here that this decision is fatal to all hope of the removal of the schedule this season.

## NEWS FROM THE SEALERS.

**Interesting Intelligence Conveyed in Recent Letters.**

Very little sealing news came over by the Empress of China yesterday, the sealers, it is thought, being further north by this time. The Maud S. had arrived at Hakodate with 585 skins. The captain in a letter to the owners says nothing about the reported arrival at that port of a boat from the schooner Arietas. Captain Hackett received a letter from a sailor belonging to the Vera, in which it is stated that the Libby was spoken on June 12th with 1,100 skins. All were well. A letter was also received from Captain Shields of the Vera. He said nothing about his catch.

A letter from Hakodate reports the Sadie Turpel with 850 skins. She was without the use of one of her boats for over a month.

**General American Dispatches.**

Boston, July 5.—Lieut. Peary's Arctic exploring steamer Falcon, which left New York on July 2nd at 6 p.m. arrived to-night at 8 o'clock and docked at Constitution wharf. She will remain here for at least two days, and will be open for exhibition during that time, after which she will sail for Portland, Maine, where she will be open to the public also.

Sag Harbor, L.I., July 5.—The steam yacht Oneida came into this harbor to-night with President Cleveland on board, and dropped anchor about two miles from the village. She stayed only long enough to send ashore for some luggage and then made a hasty departure. The President is in excellent health.

Birmingham, Ala., July 5.—Tuscaloosa, the old ante-bellum capital of this state, celebrated the Fourth of July yesterday for the first time since the war.

Niagara Falls, N.Y., July 5.—Peter A. Porter has been appointed receiver for the Cataract Bank. The bank's liabilities are $1,020,805; assets $754,996.

Chicago, July 5.—Mayor Carter Harrison wants to build an island seven miles out in the lake. "We could build a new crib there and obtain an abundant supply of water that would be forever free from pollution," said he. "Such an island would be a great acquisition to Chicago. It would be a summer resort, a pleasure and picnicking ground. It would have to be established on stakes. I mentioned the matter to Gen. Fitzsimmons. He said that if he had the authority he could organize a syndicate to construct the island."

Talequah, I. T., July 5.—When riding near his home, about twelve miles east of this place, James Christie was murdered last evening. He was a son of the notorious Ned Christie who gave the U. S. officials so much trouble until killed in his fort last fall. He is also a nephew of Ball Christie, who is in jail at this place sentenced to be hanged on August 18th.

Philadelphia, July 5.—Two of the passengers who went to Cape May on the steamer Republic were swept out to sea while bathing yesterday afternoon and drowned. One was H. W. Wise, of Roxburgh, a railway mail clerk; the other Moritz Goldsmidt, 18. Wise was an expert swimmer, and is supposed to have been caught in the treacherous undertow. Goldsmidt was unable to swim.

Lima, Peru, July 5.—Juan Revoredo, mayor of Lima, has assumed the leadership of the Cacerist party. He believes it is possible to make an arrangement with Chili regarding the disposition of Tacna and Arica on the basis of a commercial treaty under which there shall be freedom of trade. The chief difficulty is that Chili insists upon the payment of the $10,000,000 indemnity provided for in the treaty of 1883.

San Francisco, July 5.—A stray bullet fired from a revolver by an unknown person early this morning, crashed through the window of a building in which Rose Rogers, aged 4, was sleeping, and lodged in the head of the child, inflicting a fatal wound.

San Francisco, July 5.—About 1:30 this morning fire, supposed to have been caused by fireworks, destroyed two cottages owned by C. Carlson; loss, $8000.

San Francisco, July 5.—Mgr. Satolli, the papal delegate, arrived on a special car from St. Paul, via Portland this morning. He was met by a delegation of local priests, by whom he was escorted to the residence of Archbishop Riordan, whose guest he will be during his stay in San Francisco.

Some new shades in plain Ingrain Wallpapers with deep borders at Weiler Bros.

—At our disposal on Hillside avenue we have two two-story houses on the installment plan at cost.

PAGE & WINNETT.

## PERSONAL.

**Visitors and Passengers to and From the City and Province.**

James Mansell is across the Sound for the celebration.

Thomas J. Burnes is spending a few days at Seattle.

F. C. Innes and wife, of Vancouver, are at the Driard.

H. Baxter, a Seattle commission merchant, is in the city.

Maud Granger and company went up to Nanaimo this morning.

J. W. Horne, M. P. P., has returned to Vancouver from the east.

Major Dupont and Dr. Powell returned from the Mainland yesterday.

R. Landells, teacher of the Cedar Hill public school, has left for Chicago.

H. E. Connon, of the Northern Pacific steamship line, is in Vancouver.

W. N. Hallgarten, of London, is in the city. He will go north on the Queen.

Mrs. Kendall and Miss McDermott, of the White House, left for the east this morning.

A. A. Davidson and wife, who have been visiting on the Mainland, returned home last evening.

J. D. Robinson and wife of Bloomington, Ills., and H. K. Thornton and wife, of New York, are registered at the Driard.

## SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

**Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.**

### LACROSSE.

Relative to the reports of dishonest play on the part of Vancouver players on Saturday, the World says:

"The World has heard a great deal of kicking since the match. Some have even gone so far as to say that the Vancouver players sold the game, but when asked to name a player who acted on the field in a way to justify that suspicion they declined to do so. The game is lost, and that settles it. Vancouver cannot always win, and he is a poor backer who goes back on a club in its hour of misfortune. The Vancouver club has many a time carried its colors to victory, but like Hanlan and every other famous athlete, the day of defeat was bound to come. Let us stand by the boys and hope for better things next year, and let us have no more insinuations of crooked play unless there is the proof to back up the allegations."

### THE STARS WON.

The Stars won the game at Angeles yesterday by two goals to the Bays' one. The game was an exciting one for the Victorians and a puzzling one for the Americans who witnessed lacrosse for the first time. Thos. Allice was captain of the Bays, and gave them many good hints which would have done credit to an older player. The Stars were coached by Geo. Tite. A. Belfry made an impartial referee.

### YACHTING.

### VALKYRIE WON.

Glasgow, July 4.—The regatta of the Royal Western Yacht club was held today in Wemyss bay, the famous fashionable watering place on the Clyde. The course covered a distance of 48 miles, and the best cutters of the season were again pitted against each other, but the race was uninteresting, owing to the fact that the Britannia, which seems to be particularly unfortunate, sprung her mast and was compelled to withdraw from the race. The Calluna and Satanita also retired, and this left the contest between Lord Dunraven's Valkyrie and J. Jamieson's Inverna. The result, barring accidents, was a foregone conclusion, and the only question was by how much time the Valkyrie would win. She covered the course in four hours, 18 minutes and 53 seconds. The Inverna's time was 4 hours, 20 minutes and 35 seconds.

## DIED.

SPRAGGE—In this city on July 4, George Roy Spragge, aged 9 years.

Funeral will take place from the family residence, No. 32 Elizabeth street, Wednesday, July 5th, at 3 p.m. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation.

REMOVAL NOTICE!

CAVIN BROS.

Boots & Shoes.

Will remove on July 17th from 94 Douglas St. to 94 Yates St., Wilson Block, the store occupied by Mr. J. C. Nicolles, Dealer in Japanese Goods.

To save the trouble and expense of moving we will sell our Stock of Boots and Shoes at

A Reduction of 10 per cent. for Cash

With every Cash purchase of $1 we give one ticket entitling the holder to a chance in our drawing for

OUR PRIZE PIANO,

which takes place on the evening of July 15th.

All persons indebted to Cavin Bros. are respectfully requested to settle the same before the 17th of present month.

jy3-1m

The Stanley House

GENERAL DRY GOODS AND MILLINERY
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST., COR. OF FORT ST.

Annual SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE,

10 Days Only.

We have marked down our Surplus Stock for the Next 10 Days at prices to effect a speedy clearance.

Remnants, Oddments, Etc., in each Department at and BELOW COST.

Jackets, Mantles, Capes, Eatons, Zouaves, Etc., greatly reduced. These are new goods which arrived rather late in the season.

About 1,500 yards of Dress Goods, 60c. to $1 per yard, for the Sale, 40c. per yard.

Black Cashmeres reduced to less than cost, as we have been appointed agents for Marcus & Co.'s Bradford Washable Black Cashmeres.

12 pieces 54 in. Tweeds, usual $1 and $1.25, sale price 70c.

6 pieces all wool real French Challies. Beautiful goods—arrived too late for general trade, 60c., reduced to 35c.

LOOK OUT FOR FUTURE ADS.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO

Argyle House

SPECIAL BARGAINS

12 yards of Dress Goods for $1
12 yards of Flannelette for $1
12 yards 36 inch wide White Calico for $1
12 yards White Satin Stripe Muslin for $1
10 yards Brown Holland for $1
White Sheeting, 5 yards for $1
Unbleached Sheeting, 5 yds. for $1
Lace Curtains, 50c. per pair.
Remnants of Carpets, Very Cheap
A lot of Umbrellas and Parasols at Cost.
A Big Lot of Odd Lace Curtains at 25c. each.

J. Horner & Co.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

Sole Agents for Geo. E. Keith's Celebrated

American Boots & Shoes

A new lot of these goods just received. They are better finished, better made, better value than any other shoe in the market

Our $3.00 Shoe, in Laced and Elastic, is made in half sizes and three widths.

Call and see them

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,
35 and 37 Johnson Street.

JAMES PATERSON,
Manager Shoe Department.

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EVERYTHING REQUIRED FOR A SUCCESSFUL PICNIC CAN BE OBTAINED AT

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Canned Poultry, Meats, Soups, Fish, Fruits, Etc.
Temperance Beverages, Violet and Ginger Champagne
Finest Imported Ports, Sherries, Madeiras and Champagnes.

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Latest Arrivals

Reed, Rattan and Bamboo Furniture,

Comprising Novelties in—
Chairs, Rockers, Couches, Tables, Cabinets, Screens, Easels, Etc., Etc.

Juvenile High Grade Safety Bicycles,

With solid rubber tires, with nickel mountings; warranted first-class in every particular, $25 each.

Baby Carriages, Children's Wagons and Boys' Velocipedes in Great Variety

Large Stock of High Grade Pressed Glassware.

SHOW ROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

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SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.

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Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

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To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy insect pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND,

The cheapest and most effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced. For Sale by

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PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepar'n. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

—OFFICES—

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.